

Crawford



Avalanche

JUSTICE AND RIGHT

VOLUME XXXIX

Saturday Specials

5c Mustard, 6 for - - - 25c	All Plain Olives, 10, 13, 20c
Canned Peaches - - - 15c	Beef Rib Stew, 10 lbs. \$1.30
All Pickles per doz - - - 10c	Home Smoked Hams whole - - - 30c
Dill Pickles per qt - - - 5c	Home Smoked Bacon chunk - - - 36c
Can Salmon - - - 15c	
Heinz Mince Meat, 35c 25c	

CASH and CARRY Saves
You 4 Per Cent.

STRICTLY CASH MARKET

F. H. Milks

Phone No. 2

TO HOLD FAREWELL MEETING FRIDAY NIGHT.

2nd Contingent of Crawford County Boys Leave Tomorrow.

The second contingent of Crawford county boys to leave for Camp Custer at Battle Creek, will be given a farewell reception at the High school auditorium tomorrow night, at 8:00 o'clock.

A short program of talks has been arranged by Mrs. Olaf Michelson, secretary of Crawford county Red cross chapter. There will be music by Grayling band, to intersperse the talks.

Melvin A. Bates will be the toastmaster of the evening. Those selected to make addresses are Judge Oscar Palmer, R. Hanson and Chaplain Atkinson of the 31st Michigan Infantry.

After the program there will be refreshments of sandwiches and coffee. Dancing will be enjoyed until time for the special train that is to bear the local boys to the new National camp. This will leave at 11:25 p.m.

The drafted men of Oscoda county will join with the Grayling men here

that day.

Those making up the list from Crawford county are:

Roy Cruickshank.

James Joseph Moriarty.

Nicholas Kukto.

Walter Barton.

John Rosky.

Lee August Schmalz.

William David Harger.

Albert Moon.

Samuel Cantrell.

Stanley Magarsky.

Robert Conway.

Loren Moon.

Judson McCormick.

Stanley Plekta.

William Pagel.

John Sikula.

Announcement.

I wish to announce, to those desiring to take piano lessons, that I am now ready to take pupils, commencing with today. Call at my home or Phone No. 1093. Mrs. Holliday.

Village taxes are now due and payable at the Bank of Grayling.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE AVALANCHE

Squeezing the Dollars

It always results, when you go to buy groceries, in one of two things—

You get a POOR article, or You get LIGHT WEIGHT or SHORT MEASURE

unless you trade with a house that Guarantees you against such profiteering.

Honest Goods—Honest Prices

The entire reputation of our business rests upon these two words. You don't need to squeeze your dollar here—it will go its full length in buying actual honest values in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds. Come to us and see how perfectly satisfied we can make you as to QUALITY and PRICE.

H. Petersen, GROCER
Phone No. 25

JUST HARDWARE That's All We Handle

But we want to impress upon your mind the fact that we handle everything

From Carpet Tacks to Anvils

We are almost sure to have what you want if it is to be found in a hardware store. If we don't happen to have it we will take pleasure in ordering it immediately.

SALLING, HANSON CO.
Hardware Department

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN, SEPTEMBER 20, 1917.

OSCAR P. SCHUMANN, Editor and Proprietor

NUMBER 38

School Notes

Wrong ever builds on quick sands, but the Right To the firm center lays its moveless base. Lowell.

Most of our High school people seem satisfied to believe what they hear of the Vaterland since there are only four schuler in the new Deutsch class.

The Agricultural class set out Friday to inspect weeds and cultivate fields.

The heads of the committee of the Mother's club had their first meeting Monday to get their plans in shape for the coming year.

We know that many of our alumni are interested in the coming wedding of Miss Little Fischer, of the class of 1912, to Mr. Geo. McPeak, also of G. H. S.

The fuel value of foods was the subject of interesting experiments performed by the physiology class Friday.

We were glad to see Arthur Karpus and Mrs. H. Peterson of last year's class in our Assembly room once more. Miss Mildred Corwin is taking a post graduate course in commercial work.

Allen Pappendick entered the commercial department Monday morning:

Because of the great number of knowledge seekers, it has been necessary to turn one of the High school recitation rooms over to a division of the sixth grade.

As usual we were delighted with the results of the basket ball games last Friday night. The proceeds were large and will go toward new suits for this year's team.

Our High school isn't slow; for even here with Gladys Everett as yell mistress our ladies are coming to the front. She will appreciate any suggestion for yell or songs. The other officers of the Athletic association are President, Roy Case; Secretary, Emerson Bates; Treasurer, Carlton Meistrup; Student Manager, Benton Jorgenson.

In spite of desperate efforts we fear that our chemistry class couldn't manufacture enough oxygen to insure them against a U-boat raid.

The second year German class will soon begin the study of Immensee, a classic, still rather commonly read in American High schools.

Miss Mabel Anderson of Ypsilanti, Michigan, spent a few days the latter part of last week visiting Mr. Crane, our commercial teacher.

The Senior class was in stubby mood with Miss Lucile Hanson in Saginaw Monday.

The repairs for the engine which operates the water pump have at last arrived and the water is bubbling invitingly at the fountains.

Chemistry is a popular course this semester. Mr. Otterbein is requiring chemistry or physics for graduation.

We cordially invite patrons and friends to visit us.

WILL BUILD FINE NEW GARAGE.

Ground Broken for Two Story Structure Yesterday.

For the past year George Burke, local agent for Ford cars, has been contemplating the construction of a new garage building. Because of the scarcity of labor and material work was delayed until this week.

This is to be located on the corner of Ottawa and Norway streets, across the street from the Benson garage. It will be built of brick and cement and cover a ground plan of 60x140 feet. When completed, Mr. Burke says, the building will have a floor space of 16,800 feet.

The contract for the building has been let to Geo. Lathers & Sons, of Traverse City, who need no introduction to the people of Grayling. The work will be rushed at once and it is expected that the roof will be on within sixty days.

Civil Service Examination, for Post Office Clerk.

An examination for clerk will be held at the post office in this city on October 13, 1917.

Age limit, 18 to 45 years on the date of the examination.

Married women will not be admitted to the examination. This prohibition, however, does not apply to women who are divorced.

Applicants must be physically sound, and male applicants must be not less than 5 feet 4 inches in height in bare feet, and weigh not less than 125 pounds without overcoat or hat.

For application blanks and for full information relative to the examinations, qualifications, duties, salaries, vacations, promotions, etc., address immediately

Agnes Havens,
Local Secretary, Board of Civil Service Examiners,
Post office, Grayling, Michigan.

FOR QUICK RESULTS USE OUR WANT COLUMN—The Cost is Small.

IS GETTING ALONG FINE AT CAMP CUSTER.

Interesting Letter from Grayling Boy now in New National Army.

Barracks No. 50, Regt. No. 337. Camp Custer, Mich., Sept. 14, 1917. Dear Mr. Bates:

Well I thought it was getting nearly time that I dropped you a few lines and let you know that I am getting along fine.

Things were a long ways from ready for us and will be about the same way for the next buck, so they will have a lot to do as well as we. I would advise you to have them come in their old clothes as they might not get their clothes very soon. Part of us got our clothes between Tuesday and Thursday but anyone of us, who were of any size, towards the last, had to go without pants, so we are still wearing our own, and it is pretty hard on clothes here for there is all kinds of work.

So far I have had drills and physical exercises, kitchen and dining room work, sweeping and handling all kinds of freight, as supplies for kitchen and sleeping rooms. This morning a bunch of us had to help get things out as they are opening up kitchens, getting ready for next week, when the bunch will be here.

Just a partial list from memory of what each kitchen got today to start with next week: 8 sacks potatoes, 165 pounds each; 200 pounds of beans; 200 pounds of onions; 2 barrels of flour; 400 pounds of sugar; 1 barrel of salt; 1/2 barrel of pickles; 4 cases each of tomatoes, corn, macaroni, dried apples, peaches and prunes; 100 pounds of rice; 100 pounds of corn meal; 50 pounds of lard; all kinds of spices and flavorings; 1 box soap; 1 box of corn starch and 50 pounds of Oleo.

I don't know what they do with the Oleo for we don't see it, nor any butter either.

Also have the boys bring a change of underwear for it might come handy. A lot of fellows came down here without a thing—not even a handkerchief or a pair of socks and some of them got pretty worried. Altho they had soap and towels, etc., to give us, I don't know how long they will last when there are so many here. There are no buildings that I know of that are entirely complete, but about six to eight hundred nearly so, and a lot more under construction. They are all about the same kind in each community; all barracks are built the same capacity—200 men each; and a toilet and bath in connection with each, but these are not complete yet, so we are washing and bathing in open air with natural heat on the water; some class! Then sprinkled around are barns, heating plants and Y. M. C. A. buildings.

There is a lot kicking on the eat.

Outside of that everyone seems to be contented and having a good time except, as natural, once in a while a grumbler, but as far as I am concerned I have had all I want to eat at every meal except one, then they ran out. But of course a person can't be very choicy and has to eat what comes.

But the poorest meal we had was last night when all we had was bread and tea with macaroni and tomatoes. I had all I wanted of them but a lot, of course, were kicking on that. Usually we have a fairly good variety but it takes a man who understands the game to get all kinds that are on the table and still get enough, but leave that to me.

For dinner today we had beef kettle roast, potatoes, soup (vegetable), cabbage, bread, tea and apple pudding.

We usually have potatoes for every meal, also corn bread or mush and beef in various ways, as boiled, steaks, hamburger, and stew, hash, etc.

Our bunch will all be in the Infantry unless some have special training in some branch that they want, but they haven't made any special selections yet but we are all working for the most we can get. I have talked to a number and the most feel the same. They are in it for all there is here.

Every time I think of Grayling I can hardly keep my mind off the last few hours we spent there and that will surely be a great marking post and a place in my history which will long be remembered, both by McIntyre and I, the spirit of the people of Grayling in sending us off in the great way that they did. I felt honored beyond words, that I was sent as one of the first 5% from Crawford county and am going to do my best to carry out the spirit and wishes of the people whom we have gone forth to represent and to fight for, in this great cause for humanity all over the world. And may we all profit by the results at the end, whenever it may come.

Well as it is nearly supper time and I have now written almost a book, which might tire your eyes before you get this far, I will close with best regards to yourself, family, and the rest of the board of Crawford county.

Yours very truly,

RANSOM W. BURGESS.

Peerless laundry—Work called for Wednesday mornings, and delivered Saturday. Also dry cleaning, Burton and Bugby, agents, Grayling.

O. F. Barnes on the County Road System.

Grayling, Mich., Sept. 8, 1917.

Mr. T. W. Hanson, Chairman,

Board of County Road Commissions,

Grayling, Michigan.

My dear Mr. Hanson—

I received your very kind invitation to attend the meeting called for Monday, Sept. 10th to discuss Crawford County road problems. I regret that a previous engagement that cannot be postponed or omitted will prevent me from attending.

I do not envy you your position on the commission. You have problems to meet far greater than commissioners in the more settled counties of southern Michigan. There highways

are a "Farm to Market" proposition

and their location and character of construction is largely a matter of mathematical computation from factors already in existence and fairly constant in character.

But in Crawford county you have to do with districts only partially developed

and with districts where no development at all has taken place, and the development that has been made and the development that will follow the building of good roads is not of uniform character for the entire county, nor even for a single township. Yet the system of roads that you will eventually determine upon will be expected

to please every section of the county and confer equal benefit upon every individual, whether he be engaged in business, in general farming, in stock raising, or be interested only in sport and recreation. Even the resortor,

the casual visitor who may tour our county in the interest of health and pleasure must be pleased. I am sure,

however, that you will successfully accomplish all this.

The first proposition to be adopted,

it seems to me, is that the system

planned shall be comprehensive from

the start and that no section of the

county be overlooked or slighted



1—Scene at Gormous, between Gorizia and Trieste, in the district now overrun by the Italians. 2—Members of the Junior Naval reserve operating light field artillery at Camp Dewey, near New London, Conn. 3—M. Lindman, Swedish foreign minister, whose office violated neutrality by transmitting code messages from the German minister to Argentina to Berlin.

NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

Dramatic Revolt of Korniloff Against Russian Government Collapses.

KERENSKY AGAIN IS VICTOR

Sweden Makes Feeble Reply to Lansing's Disclosures of Unneutral Action and He Exposes Conduct of Its Former Charge in Mexico.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Another of the swift, dramatic episodes with which Russia has been startling the world was unfolded last week. For several days it seemed that civil war would be added to the woes of the struggling young republic, and then, as suddenly as it appeared, the storm cloud dissolved and the provisional government emerged apparently stronger than before.

General Korniloff, commander in chief, demanded full power, was promptly removed by Premier Kerensky, and marched on Petrograd with a considerable body of troops. Several officers having refused the position, Kerensky himself took the chief command, the capital was put in a condition of defense, and loyal troops were sent out to cut off Korniloff from the northern fighting line, which is now considerably east of Riga. The Baltic fleet, the army in general and most of the officials hastened to assure the provisional government of their support.

The came Korniloff's collapse. The main part of his army consisted of the so-called "Savage division," fierce Mohammedan troops from the Caucasus and Georgia, who were uninforming of their destination or Korniloff's aim. Loyal revolutionaries induced them to submit to the government on condition that they be sent back to the Caucasus and not be compelled to fight against the Turks. Korniloff thereupon informed the government that he was ready to surrender.

Cause of the Revolt.

The conflict really was between the conservatives and the more radical elements in Russia. The former hold that the government has shown itself incapable of restoring order, and effectiveness because it is hampered this way and that by the workmen's and soldiers' committees and has allowed them to destroy discipline in the army. Kerensky himself holds the confidence and trust of all, but he is far from being the dictator that he has been represented as being and has been tender-hearted to carry out his own bold words as to restoration of the death penalty and other necessary repressive measures.

This latest revolt, however, has hardened the premier. He caused or ordered the arrest of all the leaders and generals opposed to the provisional government, suppressed the Novo-Yazyka and other newspapers that favored Korniloff, freed imprisoned Bolsheviks who promised to combat the rebels, declared a state of war in Moscow and its environs, and flatly refused to enter into negotiations to bring about a compromise between the provisional government and its opponents.

On Thursday the Russian cabinet was reconstructed with the Social Democrats in full control, and at the same time the northern army got into action and moved back toward Riga, driving in the German advance patrols.

Sweden's Feeble Reply.

"Yes, we did it, but no one asked us not to," is, in a sentence, the Swedish foreign office's statement in reply to Lansing's charges that it had been transmitting Germany's messages from Buenos Aires to Berlin. With this weak answer neither Argentina nor the allies are satisfied, and the Swedish nation feels humiliated. There is no immediate prospect, however, that Sweden will be forced into the war.

Argentina is clinging precariously to her neutrality, for the rage against Germany is increasing there daily.

RELIANCE ON UNITED STATES

British Chancellor of the Exchequer Admits How Much Entente Allies Owe This Country.

Andrew Bonar Law, British chancellor of the exchequer, speaking a few days ago at a luncheon given by the Empire Parliamentary association at London to Medill McCormick, congressman at large for Illinois, said:

"In everything connected with the military arm the Germans have shown

Count Luxburg, the German minister who advised that Argentine vessels be "spurious versteckt"—sunk without a trace being left—has been given his passports and the Argentine minister in Berlin has been instructed to ask the imperial government for a full explanation regarding Mr. Luxburg's disclosures and as to its present policy of sinking Argentine ships. Argentine officials say that there will be a diplomatic rupture if Germany does not disapprove the text of Luxburg's dispatches and make concessions concerning U-boat warfare.

In Buenos Aires the people wildly cheered the news of Luxburg's dismissal and then broke out into anti-German rioting, attempting to burn the buildings of the German club and a German newspaper and destroying several blocks of German business houses. Semiofficial Germany has admitted the truth of Lansing's statements, but denied there was a violation of neutrality on Sweden's part, and says the disclosures were made by the allies only to produce a new crisis in the relations between Argentina and Germany and to make trouble for Sweden.

Another Expose by Lansing.

On Thursday Mr. Lansing added to Sweden's discomfiture by making public a translation of a letter dated March 8, 1910, from German Minister von Eckhardt at Mexico City to the Imperial German chancellor asking that the emperor confer a decoration on Polke Cronholm, then Swedish chargé d'affaires in Mexico, in recognition of his services in forwarding Von Eckhardt's reports to Berlin through the Stockholm foreign office and under cover of the official Swedish cipher. The minister urged that the decoration be conferred secretly in order not to arouse the suspicions of the entente allies. Cronholm was replaced as Swedish chargé last February but has remained in Mexico City.

These revelations seem to make unnecessary any further search for the secret channel through which Berlin was informed in advance of the dispatch of American destroyers to European waters and of other American war movements.

Secretary Lansing is said to be in possession of further sensational facts, but during the rest of the week he sat tight, waiting for Foreign Minister Lindman and his colleagues to justify their action if they can. The Swedish press admits that the people of the country are proving themselves to be what the Germans call them—"silly Swedes."

On the Battle Fronts.

Increasing resistance by the Austrians checked the advance of the Italians toward Lembach and Trieste last week, but it was at tremendous expense in casualties and prisoners to the enemy. The severest fighting was for the possession of Monte San Gabriele. After being pushed back down its slopes early in the week, the Italians climbed up again and firmly withstood repeated attacks. A little further south, on the Bainsizza plateau, the Austrians were no more successful in their fierce assaults.

All along the west front there were artillery combats, trench raids and fighting in the air, but neither side made any ground gains of moment. The allied aviators were especially busy with bombing expeditions and flight patrols. Many tons of explosives were dropped on airfields, railway objectives and docks back of the German lines.

American Artillery in France.

The war department permitted it to be known Thursday that a large contingent of American artillery has been added to General Pershing's expeditionary force in France and that its intensive training with the French 75s and six-inch howitzers is well under way. There have been many reports, derived from private letters, that the American troops already have been engaged in various battles, but the government has given out no intimation that these are true. As such fighting could scarcely take place without some casualties, and as Secretary Baker has promised to publish casualty lists promptly, the stories probably are untrue.

British losses by submarine activity were the smallest since the opening of the "ruthless" campaign. The most serious loss reported was that of the Atlantic transport liner Minnehaha, sunk by a torpedo when west-bound. It is said the British have a new submarine

remarkable results, even genius. But in dealing with questions of human nature they have repeatedly made mistakes which have been the salvation of the entente allies. No mistake they have made will be so great in its consequences as that which drove the United States into the war.

"The Germans lately have been saying that the war now has become largely a question of nerves, endurance and staying power. Thank God we of England and America have those qualities and shall see this thing through to victory."

U.S. SHIPBUILDING TIED UP BY STRIKE

APPROXIMATELY 26,000 WORKERS QUIT WHEN RAISE IN PAY IS REFUSED.

OVER 100 PLANTS AFFECTED

Walkout Characterized As the Most Extensive in History of the Pacific Coast.

San Francisco.—Approximately 28,000 iron workers and metal trades mechanics engaged in war emergency construction in shipyards of San Francisco and bay cities went on strike at 9 a.m. Monday, following rejection of their demands for a 50 per cent increase in wages. The walkout in more than 100 plants was carried out without a hitch, it was reported.

Feverish eleventh-hour efforts to avert the strike by employers and representatives of the United States shipping board failed. Proposals to arbitrate on a basis of ten per cent increase offered, had been rejected by the conference committee of the iron trades council, composed of 25 unions, on whose authority the strike was declared.

The walkout affected more than \$150,000,000 in government shipbuilding and engine construction contracts and automatically tied up other construction works.

Settlement of the strike, which is characterized as the most extensive in the history of the Pacific coast, is entirely in the hands of the federal government, employers announced.

Conferences between representatives of the men and the employers continued despite the strike, in the hope that a settlement could be reached.

The working agreements of unions affiliated with the Iron Trades council expired Saturday. The men demanded a minimum wage of \$6 a day.

TOPROTTECT SOLDIERS PROPERTY

Bill in Congress Would Prevent Suit Against Enlisted Men.

Washington.—Legislation to protect the civil and property rights of soldiers, in effect a moratorium for the duration of the war, in behalf of men who are serving their country on the firing line, may be placed upon the administration's program for this session of congress as a necessary element of the raising of a citizen army.

The "soldiers' and sailors' civil rights bill," to carry out this purpose, it is learned that the Liberty motor bids fair to revolutionize aeronautics and that the statement concerning it issued by Secretary Baker was most conservative. With the motor standardization manufacturer in large quantities can proceed with speed. Power and minimum weight are the qualities which are expected to make it superior to any foreign motor.

The engineers have reduced the weight to one and three-quarters pounds per horsepower, which means that a 250-horsepower motor will weigh less than 500 pounds.

Details are held back, but it is learned that already American planes equipped with the Liberty motor have reached a maximum speed of 210 miles an hour. By multiplying the motors used this speed can be increased indefinitely and the carrying power of the plane can be increased accordingly. Two, three and even more motors may be used in the big battle planes.

It is proposed that creditors' suits, against officers or men, may be held up and judgment by default denied, the framers of the bill recognizing that a man in the army or navy would have no opportunity to make his defense in person, or to arrange for its proper hearing through counsel.

DETROIT HONORS DRAFT ARMY

Greatest Military Spectacle in History of City Staged Tuesday.

Detroit.—The greatest military pageant in the history of Detroit, was staged Tuesday in honor of the city's drafted men.

It is estimated that 500,000 people packed Woodward and Jefferson avenues, the line of march, to do honor to the boys who will fight to make the world safe for democracy.

Thirty-four bands were in line. When the head of the parade reached Jefferson avenue a bomb was fired from the roof of the Pontchartrain hotel and as its echoes died more than 1,000 bandmen sounded the opening strains of "The Star Spangled Banner."

At the same moment 150 song and cheer leaders, stationed along the line, led the spectators in singing the words.

Practically every business establishment in the city was closed during the parade.

Thousands of their employees were in the line, and other thousands were added to the great crowds.

An amendment adopted at the last moment, however, provides that subjects of Germany, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey may be drafted for nonmilitary duty. The subjects of the central powers are exempt from military service under the draft law.

Secretary Baker has announced the perfection of the "Liberty" motor, the engine that will drive America's war planes. It was designed by two celebrated engineers in five days, and in 28 days an engine had been completed and set up in Washington. The parts were made in factories all the way from Connecticut to California and were assembled in a western city. Full tests have led the government to accept it as the best aircraft engine produced in any country. Its parts are standardized and the problem of repair and maintenance is simplified.

The senate on Monday passed the war revenue bill, greatest of its kind, totaling \$2,411,670,000, and on Wednesday the house passed it to conference.

Dies Under Overturned Auto.

Ovid—Mrs. Nelson Mitchell, 60 years old, of Carland, was killed when an automobile driven by her son, Sherman, overturned.

Fruit Must Be Properly Labeled.

East Lansing—Fruit grown and packed in Michigan this season will, under two new state laws which have recently become effective, be required to sail under its own colors and be all that its label proclaims it to be. Fruit growers will save themselves trouble if they will familiarize themselves with the laws, enforcement of which has been delegated to the state dairy and pure food commission, from which copies of the measures can be obtained.

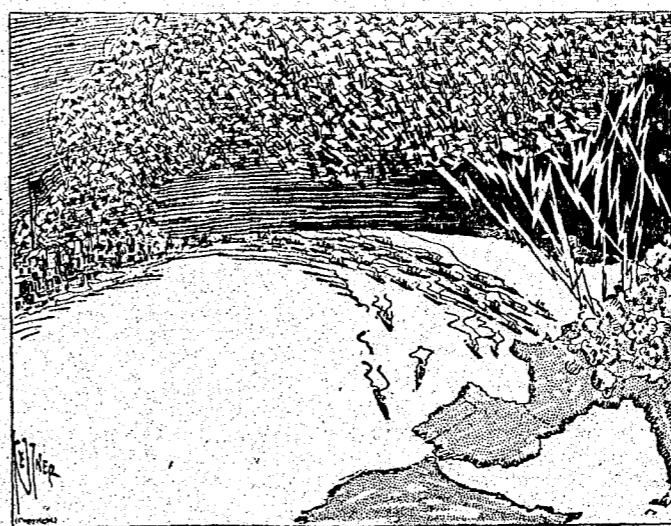
Summer Resort Burned.

Cheboygan—Pike's summer tavern at Toplinee, outlaying cottages and contents, belonging to Michigan Central railroad officials, were destroyed by fire at a loss of \$25,000.

Teacher Involved in German Plot.

Saginaw—The chief of police and city recorder were called to Philadelphia to hear information taken from correspondence between a German kindergarten teacher here and a Lieutenant Thierlens, German naval officer.

Equinoctial Storms



ROBBERS MAKE \$9,000 HAUL

Bandits Blow Safe at Climax Bank Making Rich Strike.

Battle Creek—Six automobile bandits drove into the little town of Climax, 12 miles south of Battle Creek, in Kalamazoo county, early Saturday morning, cut all wires, held up the villagers and blowing open the safe at the Climax State bank, escaped with \$9,000.

The crime is one of the boldest ever perpetrated in this district. It took four charges of explosives and an hour's time to accomplish the work. It is believed the men escaped by way of Athens.

The robbery was carefully planned. The gang came in two automobiles, and about a mile out of town camped out and had a late supper. Just after midnight they entered the town, cut both the Bell and Independent telephone lines, and all the Grand Trunk telegraph wires. The operator, hearing them at work, put out his lights, and later flagged all trains. Several passenger and freight trains were soon stopped up there.

Ten years ago the bank was entered by the same window that they themselves used this time. At that time they secured nothing.

Of the money taken, \$2,500 was in gold, and the rest in paper. A pile of silver dollars was left on the floor of the safe and paper money was scattered about the floor of the bank.

U. S. TO SEIZE COAL SUPPLY

Will Requisition Enough to Supply Domestic Consumer.

Washington—The United States fuel administration will requisition enough bituminous coal to supply the domestic consumer. Dr. Harry A. Garfield, fuel administrator, said it probably would be necessary to take over 25 per cent of the output of the mines to supply the spot demand for domestic consumption.

In many cases it will be necessary for the coal operators to abrogate contracts when the government requisitioning orders go into effect this will be done by government order for the benefit of the domestic consumer at a sacrifice to the larger consumer.

Dr. Garfield added that retail prices for coal would be fixed by October 11. Each state fuel administrator will submit an estimate of the amount of coal needed in his territory to keep factories going and homes warm. The coal will then be requisitioned and apportioned accordingly.

After the domestic consumer has been provided for transportation systems, manufacturing industries and public utilities will then be considered.

HOLD EDITORS FOR TREASON

Publishers of German Newspaper Indicted By Grand Jury.

Philadelphia—The five men arrested in connection with the raid by the government on the Tageblatt, a German-language daily newspaper published in this city, have been indicted by the federal grand jury. They are Peter Schaefer, president; Louis Werner, editor-in-chief; Dr. Martin Darkow, managing editor; Herman Lemke, business manager; and Paul Vogel, treasurer. They will be tried for conspiring to print false reports in violation of the espionage law.

There were nine additional counts in an indictment of Werner and Darkow on the charge of treason.

It is stated that the government will vigorously push the cases against them and that they will be brought to trial in a short time. They are all at liberty on \$10,000 bail each.

Michigan Man Missing in France.

Pontiac—W. H. Gregory, of this city, is reported missing in the Canadian casualty list.

Object to Grading Wheat.

Saginaw—Elevator men oppose the action of government in allowing discounts of two to four cents a bushel for mixed wheat when the millers are willing to pay the same price as for the clear.

\$45,000 in State Catastrophe Fund.

Lansing—At the annual meeting of the subscribers to the state accident fund here it was shown that \$45,000 was in the catastrophe fund. The subscribers favor making it \$100,000.

Fair Bean Crop Expected.

Lansing—Although heavily damaged by frost the bean yield in Michigan this year will be much heavier than last year, although it will not be so large as was expected from the acreage planted. This was the announcement of the food preparedness commission Wednesday, after a survey of the bean fields and after reports had come in by wire from county agents all over the state. In some northern counties the crop is nearly a complete loss.

Detroit Men on Aviation Board.

Detroit—Selection of 35 Detroit business men to take charge of the business details of the government's aviation activities in France is under way.

Lansing Rounds Up Slackers.

Lansing—Six hundred citizens working with the department of justice brought more than 2,000 men before the army examining board in a "slackerman's" program. Out of this number 18 were arrested for failure to register.

ALL DRAFT MEN TO BE EXAMINED NOW

The Protector of Finance

Tales of Resilius Marvel, Guardian of Bank Treasure

By WELDON J. COBB

THE GIRL WHO VANISHED

Copyright W. G. Chamberlain

WHEN Resilius Marvel, head of the United Bankers' Protective Association, came into our institution that morning, I noted that he made the rounds of the officers' desks more like a man of leisure than person summoned on an urgent and important case where his keenest professional skill would be required. As secretary to the president and as his own intimate friend and ardent admirer, I was first to greet him as he came past the railings space. I led him into the private office.

"A single individual possesses only a limited scope," was his first remark, "he sees only as one mind. Several individuals with a multiplied scope see as several minds. Hence a fitting word or two along the line, my friend, and some details from you, which you always put intelligently."

"Thanks," I bowed, drawing towards me an envelope marked "Warner Clay."

"You see, all that," added Marvel, "may be resultant of a double check, for the mission of a bank and its aides is to see that an asset may not lose what it possesses, and that it may find its right place."

"Thirty thousand has found its wrong place just at present," I observed.

"So I understand. A forger, I believe. Go on."

Resilius Marvel fixed his eye on me and then upon the envelope which I had opened, out of which I drew a strip of paper.

"This is check 953; dated May 28, drawn upon our bank and signed by Warner Clay," I stated. "It is made out in favor of Miss Geraldine Farrar. Warner Clay is a wealthy man, a widower, a client of our bank for some years. Miss Farrar is, I believe, a distant relative and a sort of ward of his. She has lived at his home, has acted as his amanuensis and stenographer, and when he has been ill has attended to many details of his business. She is known to the saying teller, A to G section, to whom she has presented checks as high in amount as \$100,000. She has been the recognized accredited agent of Mr. Clay at all times. A week ago when she presented that check, it was cashed without the hesitation of a moment."

Resilius Marvel turned the check over to scan the neat feminine indorsement on the reverse side.

"June 2, as is customary," I went on, "that check and all other May checks were mailed to Warner Clay, with a statement of his account to date, as to all other clients of the institution. Yesterday Mr. Clay came to the bank in a condition of some excitement and pronounced the check a forger."

Marvel arose rather summarily.

"Show me the signature book," he directed.

We went to the cage where the registers were kept. He had retained possession of the check. I waited while Marvel compared the signatures. I watched with interest as he employed his magnifying glass. I wondered as he felt gently with one forefinger, not only the front but also the reverse surface of check and signature page alike.

"What else?" I inquired, as we strolled back to the private office.

"A letter introducing me to Mr. Clay as the representative of the bank. I must investigate that end. Oh, trust me to make no complications by giving offense to a good customer of the bank. I suppose his announcement that the check was a forgery was accepted by the bank with the usual urban complacency?"

"Of course. Our policy is to accept the word of a profitable client unequivocally, just as we correct a claimed shortage without a quibble. Mr. Clay was informed that 'the trifling irregularity' would be remedied according to our rule."

"That is, after the formality of directorate sanction, the \$30,000 would be re-credited to his account?"

"Exactly."

"Very fine—that gives us thirty days."

"What for?" I asked in my blunt, stupid way—as I learned afterwards.

"Oh, number of reasons," responded Marvel lightly, but under the surface I detected the merest shadow of a smile, and again I noted how he caressed the space given to the signature of the check, as if that portion of it held some especial fascination for his keen sense of touch. "In the first place, though—what does this Miss Farrar say?"

"Oh, that's the trouble," I blurted out—"Miss Geraldine Farrar is not to be found."

"Ah, indeed!" observed Marvel, very softly. "This is getting interesting."

"Yes," I hurried on, trying to make amends for my negligence in not apprising him of this feature of the case at the start. "It was the distress of Mr. Clay when he appeared at the bank to announce the forgery that caused us to conceal any doubt as to the justice of his claim. He was appalled at the fact that a trusted and beloved relative could plan to rob him. He was cut to the heart, he said, to realize that the girl he had provided for through so many years, to whom he had given a home, had so ungratefully repudiated his almost fatherly love. On the morning of May 28 Miss Farrar cashed the \$30,000 check. Mr. Clay has not seen her since, nor anyone else, so far as we have been able to discover. At the moment when the young lady passed out of this bank she passed into obscurity. Our floor detective has made some casual investigation. He has found no trace of the movements of Miss Farrar later than 11 a.m., May 28, no clew nor hint of a

clew as to her present whereabouts. She has vanished completely."

"The letter I asked for," said Marvel briefly, in his mandatory, decisive way, and when I had prepared and delivered it he left the bank without another word, his thoughts enveloping him in a silent, baulking mood I knew his habits too well to intrude upon."

The loss of \$30,000 was not much for an institution of our financial integrity, and so far as he was personally concerned our president would ordinarily have been content to charge it off to profit and loss account. However, when Resilius Marvel entered a case he was certain to bring to light "the goods," or at least some development that expressed lucidity and satisfaction.

The bank was just closing that afternoon when my friend reappeared.

As he came into the private office the president was just putting on his gloves preparatory to taking his automobile for the club. He paused with his usual genial nod to Marvel and stepped within the room and lingered for a moment.

"I presume it is a plain case, and the bank is \$30,000 out?" he observed.

"Hardly," was the prompt response.

The case, however, calls for some attention possibly several thousand miles from here."

"Then there is a chance?" was suggested hopefully.

"I shall want the best man in the bank, and my good friend," replied Marvel, placing his hand on my shoulder.

"That is foregone, since you say it," smiled our president. "It's the girl, I suppose—the forger?"

"It is the girl, yes," assented Marvel. "As to her being the forger—I doubt it."

"What's that?" demanded the president, with a start. You don't mean to say—"

"Warner Clay?"

"Take it so."

"You might act on that basis until you hear again from me," said Marvel.

"You amaze me!"

The president departed, thoughtfully drawing on a glove, an awakened distrust in his bearing that indicated a shock.

"Now, then, you and I will thrash this thing out," he began. "First, though, make your arrangements to bear me company."

"How far?" I inquired, sorting over my short and long distance traveling schedule in my mind.

"Galveston—first. You will have time for preparations. The train leaves at 8. I only want half an hour just now. That is Miss Farrar." He said, and drew a card photo from his pocket.

"The young lady—" I ventured.

"I'm at Galveston, or thereabouts. I saw your esteemed bank client, this Mr. Warner Clay. I found him as I had pictured him: an elfish, miserly being with no thought outside of his money and getting more. The man is a financial pervert and sly—and shrewd as a fox. He positively welcomed me. Then he lied to me and I had him. I left him so well satisfied that his word was gold with the bank, and that my brief visit was a cursory and superficial bit of routine, that he will gloat over his fancied success for a week to come. When I stated that we wanted to go over his returned checks as a matter of business system, he landed them down on me with a frank willingness that was almost painful. I even got him to give me several samples of his handwriting. By the way, did you ever notice his right hand forefinger and thumb?"

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clew as to her present whereabouts. She has vanished completely."

"No, not that way—catch the signature space between your thumb and forefinger. Do you notice any protuberance in the lower surface?"

"No." I was forced to admit, and called attention to the usual calloused condition of a bank man's finger tips.

"Take the magnifying glass then," ordered Marvel. "Now, then."

I saw what he intended I should see. Minute, scarcely perceptible to the naked eye, there was almost a hole through the cheek surface whenever the loop of the y in Clay was

inspected, and on the reversed side, naturally, a tiny protuberance corresponded.

"Nobody but Warner Clay ever did that," declared Marvel. It is the test infallible. As on the returned checks, so on the one claimed forged—the writer depressed the pen point to get a momentary staying power. Those checks were signed by the hand of Warner Clay, all of them, 953 included."

"In other words," I exclaimed, "our client is his own forger!"

"You have it," asserted Resilius Marvel, "precisely. We shall not have to retraverse or fortify that conclusion, unless we are forced into a court of law. The point of interest now is Geraldine Farrar."

"The girl cashed the check—why was she given it? She left the city at once—what impelled her? She went into obscurity, leaving no trace behind her—why?" challenged Marvel.

The man's rare humanity spoke out in his questioning, determined face. Viewed in a cold-blooded way, the bank's interest ceased at the discovery of a method of saving its money. A new strain had come into the case—mystery, maybe misery. Cunning or foul play, Resilius Marvel, I saw, was determined to go to the bottom of the proposition.

"When I questioned Clay about his missing ward," resumed Marvel, "his sorrow was touching." He plainly indicated that she had seized an opportunity to acquire a fortune at one fell stroke of the pen. She had no friends, no other relatives than himself, he averred. She had seemed to share his lonely life for the sake of comfort and home. She had had some very distant relatives once, he believed, in far western Canada. One thing I noticed: he was sure in his mind that she could not be found.

Circumstances or his own plans were placing her at a sure distance. I insisted on visiting her room. There was a change in her manner since I had last seen her, and in her face as well, as compared with the photograph Marvel carried in his pocket. Her eyes expressed animation, her whole pose was one of energy. Her face was deliciously flushed with excitement. She spoke rapidly to her dignified escort, and then to the chauffeur. The latter received some hurried instructions. He seized the wheel and at once the machine sped away from the wharf.

This was Miss Geraldine Farrar, and I knew her at a glance. There was a change in her manner since I had last seen her, and in her face as well, as compared with the photograph Marvel carried in his pocket. Her eyes expressed animation, her whole pose was one of energy. Her face was deliciously flushed with excitement. She spoke rapidly to her dignified escort, and then to the chauffeur. The latter received some hurried instructions. He seized the wheel and at once the machine sped away from the wharf.

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"See here, Mr. Butler," he said to me, drawing me to one side, "you would guess a long time before you fixed on what we've got in the hold of that old tub."

"I see?"

"I think so. Contraband expresses it in a way."

"Father of the bride whose party you took down the coast last week," added the official. "You not only know your business, my friend, but you take such good care of your passengers that they have none but the pleasantest memories. By the way—"

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Agency for
TANLAC
 Central Drug Store
 Grayling, Michigan

Crawford Avalanche

O. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....	\$1.50
Six Months.....	.75
Three Months.....	.40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice, Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, SEPT. 20


RED CROSS
 NOTES

Are you knitting? Crawford county must supply one hundred sets of knitted articles before Thanksgiving. These go direct to the men in the trenches. The lack of these supplies will mean untold suffering. Confer with Mrs. Chas. McCullough concerning all knitting.

Sweater needles may be obtained at present at Emil Kraus' store; other needles from Mrs. McCullough.

Auxiliaries for knitting and sewing will be formed at once in outlying districts of Crawford county.

Donate your own materials if you can. If you cannot, the Red Cross will supply them.

Will all who have completed knitted articles turn them in at once?

Will every woman in Grayling pledge a half day each week at the Red Cross rooms, or come and get work to do at home?

High Grade Breeding Ewes at Cost Prices.

Thru the efforts of the agricultural department of the New York Central lines, farmers of Michigan in the territory tributary to the Michigan Central railroad will have an opportunity to secure high grade breeding ewes at cost prices.

Last spring this department, according to W. H. Hill, agricultural agent for the Michigan Central railroad, secured the assistance of some capitalistic men who were interested in conserving and increasing the food production of the United States, to purchase several thousand western range sheep to be distributed among farmers of Michigan and New York.

The Michigan allotment of these fine, healthy yearling ewes is now pasturing on a splendid ranch in southern Cheboygan and northern Otsego counties, near Wolverine. Here they have had exceptionally good grass and water which has put them

Local News

Get your tires and tubes at Burke's garage.

Village taxes are now due and payable at the Bank of Grayling. Mrs. Herman Lunden of Lewiston was guest of her sister, Mrs. Fogelsoe here Tuesday, of this week.

Miss Marion Hopkins, who resides in the Upper Peninsula, is visiting relatives and friends in Maple Forest and Grayling townships.

Mr. and Mrs. Holger Petersen are enjoying a visit from Mr. and Mrs. Walter Russell of Cleveland, Ohio. The two ladies are sisters.

Peerless laundry—Work called for Wednesday mornings, and delivered Saturdays. Also dry cleaning. Burton and Bugby, agents, Grayling.

Next Monday night the members of the Loyalty Order of Moose of Grayling will give a chicken supper. One hundred pounds of spring chicken have been provided for the occasion.

The Woman's committee of the Council of National Defense was organized in Grayling during the past week. The following officers were elected: Chairman, Mrs. Geo. Alexander; Vice chairman, Mrs. Frank Deckrow; Secy. and Treas., Mrs. Chas. Chas. Chas.

It is planned that a group of farmers may club together and secure a carload for their respective communities or individuals may secure them in carload lots. Banks in cities and towns along the Michigan Central have been advised of the plan of sale and farmers may secure information from them or the agricultural agent of the Michigan Central at Detroit.

As a safe and sure investment the Michigan farmer can make no mistake in buying sheep at the present time. The splendid grass crop this year has provided an abundance of feed, and mutton, wool and lamb prices are making the farm flock exceedingly profitable.

Solace of Tobacco Is a Soldier's Due.

Charles Lamb wrote: "For thy sake, Tobacco, I would do anything but die."

Our soldiers in the trenches in France will soon be facing death, not for tobacco but for the perpetuation of Liberty.

Meantime tobacco is a great comfort and help to them. Don't you think they are entitled to this solace?

If you do, send in your contribution to the Avalanche Tobacco fund for our boys at the front.

The following contributions have been received up to date:

Rev. J. J. Riess.....\$1.00
Sheriff W. H. Cody.....1.00

C. S. Barber, Frederic.....1.00
Mayor T. Hanson.....5.00

L. M. Edwards.....1.00
O. P. Schumann.....1.00

Henry P. Baumgras, Lansing—
M.N.G.....1.00
Hans Petersen.....1.00

H. Charon.....25
Ingrid Jorgensen.....50

Elvira Rasmussen.....25
Nola Sheehy.....25

Nina Heath, Melvin, Mich.....50

A. M. Lewis.....2.00

M. A. Atkinson.....1.00

M. A. Bates.....1.00

Victor Salling.....50

Wilhelm Andreasson.....25

Charles Loring, Jr.....1.00

Emily Giebling.....1.00

No agents or solicitors are employed or authorized to collect for the fund.

Send your contributions to the Avalanche Tobacco Fund, Grayling, Mich.

People Speak Well of Chamberlain's Tablets.

"I have been selling Chamberlain's Tablets for about two years and heard such good reports from my customers that I concluded to give them a trial myself, and can say that I do not believe there is another preparation of the kind equal to them," writes G. A. McBride, Headford, Ont. If you are troubled with indigestion or constipation give them a trial. They will do you good.

Edward Russell arrived Saturday from Traverse City, and will be employed on the Crane farm for a few weeks.

Miss Dolly Elliott of Chicago arrived Monday for a visit with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Elliott.

Miss Martha Jenson and Mr. Chas Stevens, both of this city were united in marriage at St. Mary's parsonage Thursday evening of last week by Rev. Fr. Riess. The ceremony was solemnized at eight o'clock, and the young couple were attended by the sister and brother of the bride, Miss Johanna Jenson and William Jenson.

Mrs. Stevens has lived in Grayling for a few years, and during this time has made himself a favorite with his friends. He is now the efficient clerk at the Central Drug store. The young couple have rented a home on Norway street, formerly occupied by Walter Cripps and family, and have already gone to housekeeping.

C. F. Kinney was at Roscommon Tuesday.

Lynn Kile and Frank Millikin made a business trip to Frederic Tuesday.

Lloyd Marlowe and family attended the auction sale at C. E. Overmyer's Saturday.

Methodist Episcopal Church Notes.

The M. E. church board announce that during the re-building of church, services will be held in the Danebod hall, on Sunday next.

Morning service at 10:30 o'clock.

Sunday School is held at 11:45 a. m.

There will be no evening service on Sunday next.

It is better to throw your whole soul into your work than to merely put your foot in it.

It is better to get the reputation of being as quick as lightning than as slow as thunder.

Before casting your bread upon the water it is just as well to be sure the water isn't polluted.

You never can tell. A man may stay at the bottom of the ladder and still be above suspenlon.

The Hat Shop

A NEW AND COMPLETE

LINE OF

Ladies' Hats

N. A. GRIFFITH

Opposite Court House

Correspondence.

Frederic News.

Miss Emma Armstrong and brother Roy, left Monday for a visit in Crosswell.

Mrs. John Burke and Mrs. Hatch

Granda Barber has been having a very lame back for the last two weeks.

Miss Paris, the principal of the High school here, led the Young People's meeting in Frederic.

The meeting was very interesting.

Everyone is invited.

Robert Moore was called to Bay City by the serious illness of his sister in that place.

Mrs. R. Brown is very sick at this time.

The Methodist Ladies' aid expect to meet at the M. E. church to re-organize Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Bernard Callahan will return home Tuesday, after a week at Mt. Clemens.

R. Owens of Lovells spent Tuesday with Rev. Terhune.

Eldorado Nuggets.

James Williams is the owner of a new Ford auto, which he purchased Monday.

Mrs. N. A. Fry and children of Roscommon spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Mattie Funsch.

Mr. and Mrs. James F. Crane and little grand daughters, Helen and Elizabeth Kline, drove to the settlement north of Mio, Monday, where Mr. Crane purchased wheat for his fall seeding.

Miss Frances Wehnes left Sunday to begin her fall term of school at Keno, where she taught last year.

William Deeter of Luzerne was a business caller here Tuesday.

Don't forget the dance to be given by the E. L. C. at the school house Saturday evening, Sept. 22nd. Picnic supper.

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Miss Dolly Elliott of Chicago arrived Monday for a visit with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Elliott.

Miss Pearl Love is clerking in the Kiely & Gibbons store at Roscommon.

Wm. Millikin and family attended the birthday party at Frank Kile's at Higgins Lake Thursday evening, it being Mr. Kile's birthday. They reported a pleasant evening.

L. B. Merrill was in Roscommon Saturday, going from there to Grayling by rail.

School begins at the Love school house Monday, with Mrs. E. Palmer of Detroit as teacher.

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DON'T MISS THE
**OTSEGO
 COUNTY
 FAIR**

AT GAYLORD, MICH.,

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday
SEPTEMBER 25-27

The Most Sensational Program of Base Ball
 Games and of Harness Events Ever Offered
 in Northern Michigan

AVIATOR BROCK

A GOVERNMENT INSTRUCTOR
 WILL FLY EACH DAY

In his exhibit he will include the Altitude Climb, Spiral, the
 Sensational Bank, Loop the Loop, and General Spectacular Flying

2-Base Ball Games Each Day=2

\$1,200 in Purses for Harness Events--\$1,200

Schedule of Ball Games

Sept. 25th, morning—Gaylord vs. Sault Ste. Marie
 " " afternoon—Mount Clemens vs. Sault Ste. Marie
 Sept. 26th, morning—Mount Clemens vs. Sault Ste. Marie
 " " afternoon—Gaylord vs. Newberry
 Sept. 27th, morning—Mount Clemens vs. Newberry
 " " afternoon—Mount Clemens vs. Gaylord

Program of Races

TUESDAY	PURSE	WEDNESDAY	PURSE
2:30 class, trot or pace,	\$200	2:25 class, trot or pace,	\$200
2:12 class, trot or pace,	200	Free for all trot or pace,	200
THURSDAY	PURSE		
2:40 class, trot or pace,		\$200	
2:20 class, trot or pace,		200	

THESE RACES SUBJECT TO CHANGE BY COMMITTEE

THE GRAYLING BAND and the 33rd REGIMENT BAND OF BAY CITY
 WILL FURNISH MUSIC DURING THE FAIR

Wednesday Will Be PATRIOTIC DAY

and a beautiful and impressive Program will be conducted by a thousand school children

Come the First Day---Stay Until the Finish

There Are No Dull Moments at

NORTHERN MICHIGAN'S GREATEST EXPOSITION AT GAYLORD

SEPTEMBER 25, 26 and 27

HENRY STEPHENS, President

CLAUDE E. SHANNON, Secretary

The Secrets of the Hohenzollerns

STARTLING EXPOSURE OF INNER LIFE OF KAISER AND CROWN PRINCE AS TOLD BY COUNT ERNST VON HELTZENDORFF TO WILLIAM LEQUEUX

EDITORIAL NOTE. — William LeQueux, who here chronicles his friend, Count Ernst von Heltzendorff, whose revelations concerning the secret life of the inner German court has long been recognized throughout Europe as the possessor of its foremost secrets.

The English "Who's Who" says of him: "He has intimate knowledge of the secret service of continental countries and is regarded as the most important (of Great Britain) authority on such matters." Another authority says: "Few people have been more closely associated with or know more of the astounding inner machinery of Germany."

LeQueux probably has more sources of secret information at his command than any contemporary in civil life, and for the last six years the British Government has made valuable use of his vast store of secret information through a specially organized department with which LeQueux works as a voluntary consultant.

Count von Heltzendorff became an intimate of LeQueux several years prior to the outbreak of the war; he has been living in retirement in France since August, 1914, and was there the count received from the court's private office late personal permission to make public these revelations of the inner life of the Hohenzollerns—that the democracies of the world might come to know the real, but heretofore hidden, personalities of the two dominant powers of autocracy the they are arrayed against.

womenfolk, elbow each other in order to secure the notice of the all-highest one, who, in that green-upholstered private room wherein I worked with him, often smiled at the unseemly bustle while he calmly discriminated among men and women according to their merits.

It is in that calm discretion that the emperor excels, possessing almost uncanny foresight.

"I know it! Frau Kleist has told me!" were the words his majesty used on many occasions when I had ventured perhaps to express doubt regarding some scandalous story or serious allegation. Therefore I was confident that the seventy-year-old dancing mistress, whose past was a complete mystery, was an important secret agent of the emperor's.

And what more likely? The Kaiser, as ruler of that complex empire, would naturally seek to know the truth concerning those who sought his favor before they were permitted to click their heels or wave their fans and bow the knee in his imperial presence. And he had, no doubt, with innate cunning, appointed his creature to the position of court dancing mistress.

Emperor's First View of an Airplane.

On October 17, 1908, I had returned with the emperor and his suite from Hamburg, where his majesty had been present at the launching of one of Herr Ballin's monster American liners. I was seated at the side table in his private room in the Berlin Schloss, taking down certain confidential instructions which he wished to be sent at once by one of the imperial couriers to the commandant of Posen.

Suddenly Von Krahberg, my colleague, entered with a message and handed it to his majesty. The Kaiser at once grew excited and, turning to me said:

"The crown prince sends word from Potsdam that the American, Orville Wright, is flying on the Bornstedter field. We must go at once. Order the cars. And Von Krahberg, inform her majesty at once. She will accompany us, no doubt."

Quickly I placed before his majesty one of his photographs—knowing that it would be wanted for presentation to the daring American—and he took up his pen and scrawled his signature across it.

Within a quarter of an hour three of the powerful cars were on their way to Potsdam, the emperor with Herr Anton Reitschel—a high German official at Constantinople; the professor at the first car; the kaisersin with her daughter, Victoria Luise, and the latter's Ober-gouvernante (governess), with one of the court ladies, in the next; while in the third I rode with Major von Scholl, one of the equerries.

"May I speak in confidence with your majesty?" she asked, advancing into the room. Except the court ladies she was the only female at court whom the sentries stationed at the end of the corridor allowed to pass to his majesty's private cabinet.

"Of course, of course," replied the emperor, turning in his chair. "Come in and close the door. It has turned quite cold tonight. Well?" he asked, looking at her inquiringly.

The court dancing mistress hesitated for a second. Their eyes met, and in that glance I saw complete understanding.

"May I speak in confidence with your majesty?" she asked, advancing into the room. Except the court ladies she was the only female at court whom the sentries stationed at the end of the corridor allowed to pass to his majesty's private cabinet.

"But Frau Kleist had access everywhere. Her eyes were the eyes of the emperor. Many a diplomat, financier, military or naval commander has been raised to position of favorite because he first secured the good graces of the ex-ballerina. And, alas! many a good, honest man has been cast out of his majesty's private cabinet.

The kaiser trusts nobody. Even his favorites and most intimate cronies are spied upon, and reports upon those familiar blue papers are furnished regularly. In view of what I had read in that report from Karl Kleist, I stood amazed when, at the grand court a week later, I had witnessed Herr Reitschel's French wife bow before the emperor and empress and noticed how graciously the kaiser had smiled upon her.

Nearly three months passed.

The Trip to Ilmenau.

Herr Reitschel often came from Constantinople, and frequently brought his handsome young wife with him, for he was persona grata at court. To me this was indeed strange in view of the reports of the ex-dancer's son-who, by the way, lived in Constantinople in the unsuspicious guise of a carpet dealer, and unknown to the bank director.

The latter had, assisted by his wife's fortune, inherited from her grandmother, purchased the Schloss Langenberg, the splendid ancestral castle and estates of the princes of Langenberg, situated in the beautiful Thuringian forest, and acknowledged to be one of the most famous shooting estates in the empire. It was not, therefore, surprising that the emperor, to mark his favor, should express a desire to shoot capercailzie there—a desire which, of course, delighted Herr Reitschel, who had only a few days before been decorated with the Order of the Black Eagle.

One afternoon in midautumn the emperor, accompanied by the crown prince and myself, together with the suite, arrived by the imperial train at the little station of Ilmenau, where, of course, Reitschel and his pretty wife, with the head and underfrosters, and all sorts of civil officials in black coats and white ties bowed low as the all highest stepped from his saloon. The kaiser was most gracious to his host and hostess.

The emperor had complained of a slight cold, and in consequence, just before we left Berlin, he had been instructed to summon by telegraph a certain Doctor Vollerthun from Augsburg.

"I fully admit that. But what can I do? How shall I act?" she asked in a low, tense voice. "Advise me, do."

For some moments I remained silent. The situation was difficult.

"Well madame," I replied after reflecting, "if you are really ready to promise the strictest secrecy and leave the matter to me, I will endeavor to find a way out of the difficulty—providing you are a good German that you are by marriage will take before the emperor himself, an oath of complete secrecy."

While the emperor and his host were out shooting I remained alone in a

short of flag material.

According to a manufacturer of flags the demand for "Old Glory" never was so great as at present. If this continues—and there is every reason to believe it will—manufacturers are wondering what will happen.

"Of course the war is responsible for the increased business in flags," said he. "If it keeps on we are wondering where we are going to get the bunting that is used in making flags.

With but two places in the country where it is possible to get material,

and the shortage in dyes, we are surely up against it. Everything about the business has gone up in price. Poles are dearer—they say because of lumber shortage—and castiron brackets likewise have gone skyward. The men who made the brackets quit and went in for munitions—which explains that increase."—New York Globe and Commercial Advertiser.

Painful Reminder.

"Mrs. Grabcoen carries a high head, considering the fact that before Mr.

Electricity Widely Used.

The statement has been made that 70 per cent of the people in the United States use electricity in some service or other in their daily lives.

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A LETTER FROM THE CROWN PRINCE'S PERSONAL ADJUTANT TO WILLIAM LEQUEUX, POSSESSOR OF THE SECRETS OF EUROPE.

Venues Nadon,
pur Mort-sur-Lolois,
Seine-et-Marne,
February 10th, 1917.

My dear LeQueux:
I have just finished reading the proofs of your article describing my life as an adjutant at the Imperial court at Potsdam, and the two or three small errors you made I have duly corrected.

The gross scandals and why intrigues which I have related to you were made known to yourself, for as the intimate friend of Tuan, the crown prince's mistress, you were, before the war, closely associated with many of those at court whose names appear in these articles.

The revelations which I have made, and which you have recorded here, are but a tithe of the disclosures which I could make, and if the world desires more, I shall be pleased to furnish you with other and even more startling details concerning the German crown prince's empire.

My dear personal adjutant to the German crown prince is, happily, at an end, and now, in the treachery of Germany against civilization glaringly revealed, I feel, in my retirement, no compunction in exposing all I know concerning the secrets of the Kaiser and his son.

With most cordial greetings from
Your sincere friend,
(Signed) ERNST VON HELTZENDORFF.

Afterwards, though it had now grown dark, the emperor, by the powerful hemplands of the three cars, thoroughly examined the American's airplane, the aviator explaining every detail.

From that moment for months afterwards the kaiser was constantly talking of aviation. He commanded photographs of various types of airplanes, together with all literature on the subject, to be placed before him. Indeed, he sent over to Britain, in secret, two officers to attend the airplane meeting held at Doncaster and Blackpool, where a large number of photographs were taken, and duly found their way to the commandant of Posen.

The Dancing Mistress' Visit.

I have recalled the emperor's first sight of an airplane in flight, in company with Herr Anton Reitschel and Professor Vambery, because of an incident which occurred that same day. Just before midnight the emperor was giving me certain instructions to be sent to Carlton House Terrace where the door opened without any knock of permission, and upon the threshold there stood Frau Kleist.

"Have I your majesty's permission to enter?" she asked.

"Of course, of course," replied the emperor, turning in his chair. "Come in and close the door. It has turned quite cold tonight. Well?" he asked, looking at her inquiringly.

The court dancing mistress hesitated for a second. Their eyes met, and in that glance I saw complete understanding.

"May I speak in confidence with your majesty?" she asked, advancing into the room. Except the court ladies she was the only female at court whom the sentries stationed at the end of the corridor allowed to pass to his majesty's private cabinet.

Truth to tell, the old woman's mention of Herr Reitschel's name caused me considerable misgivings, because three weeks before I had gathered certain strange facts from a secret report of a spy, who in Constantinople had been set to watch Herr Reitschel's doings. That spy was Frau Kleist's son.

The kaiser trusts nobody. Even his favorites and most intimate cronies are spied upon, and reports upon those familiar blue papers are furnished regularly. In view of what I had read in that report from Karl Kleist, I stood amazed when, at the grand court a week later, I had witnessed Herr Reitschel's French wife bow before the emperor and empress and noticed how graciously the kaiser had smiled upon her.

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<p

A GERMAN SUBMARINE

is not half so dangerous as the drug clerk who tells you he has something "just as good."

We Never Substitute

What you call for at this store, that you receive.

What your prescription calls for, that it contains.

That is the iron-clad rule upon which our entire business rests.

Come to the store that sells what you want.

A. M. LEWIS

Your Druggist Phone 18

Delicious Fountain Drinks and Sundaes

Local News

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, SEPT. 20

"We must exert all our power and employ all our resources to bring the Government of the German Empire to terms and end the war."

Woodrow Wilson,
President of the United States.

Otsego county fair September 25, 26
and 27.

Mrs. Boulanger is a new meat cutter
at the Milk's market.

Grandma Barber of Frederic is a
pleasant caller at the Burton hotel this
week.

A. L. Coutts and wife are entertain-
ing relatives from Salling and Gay-
lord this week.

Mrs. Frank LaMotte and three
children are visiting relatives and
friends in Garden, Mich.

There will be a regular meeting of
Grayling Chapter No. 83 O. E. S., on
Wednesday evening, Sept. 26th.

Miss Alice Brink of Bay City is vis-
iting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs.
W. F. Brink and also friends in the
city.

E. R. Clark and wife returned home
yesterday morning from a severa
weeks' vacation trip spent in Southern
Michigan and Ohio.

The Avalanche acknowledges re-
ceipt of an invitation to attend the
37th annual fair of Otsego county,
to be held at Gaylord September 25, 26
and 27.

Samuel Rasmussen came home from
Detroit last Friday to visit his par-
ents for a week. He has been drafted
for the new national army and must
report for service Oct. 3.

The Misses Hattie Gierke, and Bern-
adette Tetu, Messrs. Elmer Rasmussen
and Fred Hunter made an auto trip
last Sunday visiting at East Jordan,
Petoskey, Charlevoix and Boyne City
enroute.

Henry Joseph has purchased the
Grayling Vulcanizing and Tire repair
business from Nelson & McIntyre and
is now conducting same. Mr. Joseph
says that he has a first class operator
to do the work and intends to give the
public A-1 service.

Miss Clara Nelson, who is teaching
in the primary department of the
Johannesburg schools, was in Gray-
ling visiting at her home over Sunday.
She says she has 36 pupils and likes
her work very much. She is making
her home with her sister Mrs. Raas in
Johannesburg.

Carl Nelson of Milk's market spent
Sunday in Detroit.

Misses Bessie and Helen Brown en-
tertained Miss Sybil McCargo of Bay
City over last Sunday.

Miss Isabella Karpus of Flint is here
visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs.
Stephan Karpus, and also friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gillette re-
turned home Friday from an auto trip
to Bay City, Saginaw, Detroit and
other cities.

Miss Leona Doherty returned last
Tuesday to her home in Detroit, after
a two weeks' visit with her aunt, Mrs.
O. W. Roeser and family.

Let Hathaway duplicate that brok-
en lens. He does his own grinding,
so take him the broken pieces. You
will be time and money ahead.

John Peterson and sister, Miss Nan-
cy Peterson were guests at the Chas.
Adams home Tuesday while enroute
to their home in Mancelona from Ann
Arbor.

The friends of Rev. Aaron Mitchell
will be pleased to learn that the Meth-
odist conference, that just closed its
annual session, has seen fit to return
Mr. Mitchell to Grayling for another
year.

Miss Elizabeth Langevin of Mulli-
kin, Mich., arrived Saturday to be a
guest at the William Fischer home
over the Fischer-McPeak wedding.
Miss Elizabeth is also visiting other
friends during her stay here.

"The Fall of a Nation," a motion
picture dealing with the origin and
destiny of our republic. It presents
wonderful spectacles of war, and con-
tains some of the biggest battle scenes.
This will be shown at the Opera house
tonight.

The Ogemaw County Fair associa-
tion invites you to attend the annual
fair held at West Branch, September
26, 27 and 28. \$1200.00 in free attrac-
tions, \$1000.00 in race purses. A spec-
ial invitation to the people of Gray-
ling. Come and be one of the jolly
crowd.

Our trade on Lilly White flour is in-
creasing every week. Some of the best
cooks in Grayling use this brand
exclusively, and are buying it by the
barrel. It is equally good for bread
and cake. If you haven't tried it, you
are missing something. Call us up
for a sack today. Phone 313. M. A.
Atkinson, Grocer.

Mrs. Robin, Mrs. Zalsman, Mrs.
Schreck, Mrs. Schmidt and Mrs.
Woodfield entertained the W. R. C.
ladies at the home of Mrs. Robin Fri-
day afternoon of last week. A very
pleasant afternoon was spent, and be-
fore the ladies left for their homes,
were served a very nice two course
luncheon.

New Buckeye Kitchen Cabinet Only \$14.98

The new Buckeye Cabinet is well known,
has sliding table top, white enamel inside
cupboard, swinging flour bin, upper panel
in doors are filled with art glass and curtain
roll on lower cupboard. Entire front is
made of selected oak. We are offering you
this fine cabinet, which will save you miles
of steps, at only

\$14.98

Price named is strictly cash f. o. b. factory.

For further information ask the clerk.

SORENSEN BROS.

The Home of Dependable Furniture.

Gaylord fair next week. Bigger
and better than ever.

Mrs. Tillie Mills left this afternoon
for a brief visit with friends in West
Branch.

Don't miss seeing "The Fall of a
Nation" at the Opera house tonight,

Mrs. William Duclos is visiting her
brother, James Ballard and family at
Tawas City this week.

Rev. Fr. J. J. Riess was called to
Lindington yesterday by the serious
illness of his mother, who resides in
that city.

Mrs. McCormick of Lansing, arrived
last Monday for a few days visit with
her husband, Major McCormick of the
Field Artillery.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lee of Lovells
were Grayling callers yesterday, while
enroute to Detroit, where they will
make their home for the winter.

Carl W. Johnson returned Saturday
from a two weeks' business trip to the
southern part of the State in the inter-
est of the Salling, Hanson Co.

Mrs. C. L. Roeser and Mrs. W. L.
Case and son, Frederick of Saginaw
were guests of Mrs. Case's brother, O.
W. Roeser and family a few days of
last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Larson were
down from Johannesburg the latter
part of the week. Mrs. Larson came
down to visit her brother, Victor of
the Bay City Ambulance company.

State president Thos. Emery of Port
Huron and State secretary Dr. Fletcher
of Kalamazoo, of the Loyal Order
of Moose, will make an official visit to
Grayling lodge next Monday. Mem-
bers are requested to be present.

The materials and machinery are on
the ground for the construction of a
bridge across the Muskegon river,
near Michelson, where the trunk line
road connecting Missaukee and Ros-
common counties crosses the stream.
Roscommon Herald-News.

Shirley Dyer, formerly of the Avan-
lanche force but now with Troop C,
Michigan cavalry, writes from Kan-
sas City, white enroute with the Mich-
igan troops to Waco, Texas, that all
are fine and that he is enjoying the
sights in the cities wherever they stop.

Arthur Karpus of the Class of 1916
expects to leave next week to enter
the U. of M. at Ann Arbor, where he
will take up Civil engineering. That
he will be successful in his studies
there, as he was in our High school is
the wish of his former classmates and
friends there.

You are invited to attend the fare-
well meeting and program at the
School auditorium Friday night at 8:00
o'clock, that is to be given in honor of
Crawford county's young men who
are called to the new U. S. national
army. There will be a brief program
and also refreshments.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Freeland entertain-
ed Capt. Baskerville, Capt. McAfee
and wife and Sergeant McKay of the
Mobilization Camp at their home one
evening last week at dinner. While
the guests were there, Capt. Basker-
ville gave a pleasant talk on their
work pertaining to the sick and
wounded. When the evening closed
they were given the hearty handshake,
hoping they may be spared to come
back to old Grayling once again.

Those who attended the basket ball
games at the school house last week
Friday night were pleased to find two
of Grayling's popular young men
there to referee the games. They
were Francis Reagan and Clarence
Johnson. Both boys are wearing Uncle
Sam's uniforms. Francis is a
member of the 31st regiment band and
Clarence is a member of Ambulance
corps No. 2. Another Grayling boy
with the latter corps is Victor Peter-
sen, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hans Peter-
sen of this city.

Word received from Toledo, Ohio,
the first of the week, announced the
marriage of Miss Metha Hatch, for-
merly of Grayling, and Mr. Henry
Lang of Flint, at the latter place on
Monday, Sept. 10. The bride is well
known in Grayling, having made her
home here for many years. During
the last couple of years here she
held the position of book-keeper at the
Sorenson Brother's furniture store.
Mrs. Lang's many friends at home ex-
tend congratulations and best wishes
to the happy couple. They expect to
make their home in Toledo.

"Tom Stephens" of Otsego, now
known as the Mt. Clemens, have only
lost two games this season. Mr. Ste-
phens says that he has a better team
this year than he ever had before.

He is going to show them off at the
Gaylord fair next week. It may be
assured that the teams entering the
three day tournament will be loaded
to try and take "Tom's" scalp, and
the event is going to call out a big
attendance of base ball fans from all
over Northern Michigan. A full page
advertisement of the Gaylord fair
contains a complete schedule of the
ball games.

Thomas Regan died at 2:40 o'clock
this morning at his home in this city,
at the age of 49 years. For the past
week he had been critically ill due to
a complication of physical troubles
growing out of a severe attack of
pneumonia last February. Mr. Regan
was born in England and came to
Grayling about 26 years ago, when he
was united in marriage to Miss Sarah
Cowell. They lived here several years
after which they left Grayling for a
brief period of time, and returned
again about eight years ago. He was a
machinist at the Salling, Hanson
company planing mill and considered
a reliable and competent workman.
He is survived by his wife and six
children, also two sisters and one
brother. Arrangements for the fun-
eral had not been determined upon at
the time of going to press.

Miss Fern Cameron left Tuesday
for Bay City to visit friends.

R. W. Brink of Bay City was in the
city Saturday visiting his parents.

See Geo. L. Alexander & Son before
purchasing automobile insurance.

Ed. V. Barber of Frederic was in
the city Tuesday for medical treatment.

Miss Augusta Kraus entertained the
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Miss Beatrice Gierke returned last
Saturday morning to Flint after several
weeks spent at her home here.

Lester McPeak and family are moving
to Bay City this week, where they
expect to make their home for the
present.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Finley of Bay
City arrived the latter part of the
week and are visiting her parents,
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Woodfield.

Mrs. Albert Kraus, left Wednesday
of last week for Saginaw, taking her
little grandson, Edward Weinberg,
who has been spending several weeks
here, to his home.

Mr. and Mrs. Gottlie Kraus returned
Monday to their home in Chicago,
after a several weeks' vacation spent
here, visiting the former's mother and
enjoying an outing at Lake Margrethe.

Edmund Shanahan left last Monday
for Lansing, where he was supposed to
report for service Tuesday morning,
having been drafted for the new U. S. army.
He left Lansing yesterday with his contingent
for Camp Custer at Battle Creek.

Mrs. Howard C. Parks left last Sat-
urday for Flint, after a several weeks'
visit here, during the time her hus-
band, who is a member of the Michigan
Signal Corps, was at the Mobilization
camp. Mrs. Parks was formerly
Miss Elizabeth Karpus.

Dell Robinson residing near Gaylord
is at Mercy hospital, suffering from
bullet wounds, he received Wednes-
day of last week, when he was shot by
his niece, Mrs. J. J. Scholz. The
Scholz family live on some property
belonging to Robinson, and the latter
wished to take possession, and on
Wednesday with a deputy sheriff of
Montgomery county went to the
place to serve ejectment papers. The
woman fired five shots at Robinson,
two taking effect, one bullet passing
through a portion of his left lung and the
other entering one of his shoulders.

The "Jazz" orchestra gave their
last dancing party for the season last
Monday evening. There was a large
crowd present, and like all the Jazz
parties was much enjoyed. Mr. Carlson
of this orchestra left Tuesday for his
home in Cadillac, where he has a
position to play with an orchestra in
his home town. Will J. Launder, the
leader whose home is in this city left
Grayling also Tuesday for Ann Arbor,
where he will play with the Ike Fisher
orchestra of that city, and Ange Lorenzo
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After you've once bought Black Cat
for your youngsters, remember that
we have this peerless hosiery for all
the family. You'll appreciate our point
that this is the store of BIG values.

Come To Our Store

for

Black Cat Reinforced Hosiery

THIS is the biggest hosiery value
we can offer our customers for
their youngsters.

Come in and inspect for yourself
the extraordinary wear features
that make us want to tie up the
reputation of our store with this
world famous family brand.

Inspect the Black Cat numbers
for Boys and Girls

Examine the different weights, for
School wear and Sunday wear. Ask our
clerks to show you the triple, "play-proof",
knee. Then take a look at the reinforced
hosiery here for both boys and girls—
handsome in appearance and dyed with
permanent dyes that can't injure the
kiddies' feet.

After you've once bought Black Cat
for your youngsters, remember that
we have this peerless hosiery for all
the family. You'll appreciate our point
that this is the store of BIG values.

SCHOOL DAYS WILL SOON BE HERE

Are your boys and girls prepared with wearables?

We want you to visit our store and inspect the large
stocks of children's wearing apparel we are showing.
Our stock of SHOES for boys and girls is complete
in every detail, and we can save you money on them.

Grayling Mercantile Co.

The KITCHEN CABINET

Canned food will be needed next winter as it has never been needed before. Let us can what we have, or all you can and dry the succulent foods which will keep without canning.

SANDWICHES FOR OCCASIONS.

A slice of nice firm ripe tomato dipped in olive oil and lemon juice, seasoned with scraped onion, salt, and red pepper, makes a most tasty sandwich. Sliced cucumbers, cut very thin and prepared just before using as above, is another refreshing and wholesome sandwich.

Chicken and Ham Sandwiches.—Cut cold chicken and cold ham in very thin slices. Prepare thin slices of bread, spread with butter; add a slice of ham, then a layer of chicken, sprinkle lightly with salt, add another slice of bread and butter and press together, trim and cut into triangles or any desired shape.

A bit of crisp lettuce dipped in a highly seasoned French dressing and served at once before the dressing wilts the lettuce, is a very good sandwich filling and easy to prepare.

Cheese Sandwiches.—Mix together two heaping tablespoonsfuls of cheese, two tablespoonsfuls of melted butter, a teaspoonsful of made mustard and spread buttered bread with this mixture, then lay on thin slices of corned beef, cover with another slice of bread, press together and cut into triangles or any desired shape.

Mayonnaise and Ham Sandwiches.—Chop a quarter of a pound of cooked ham, then add one teaspoonsful of French mustard, one teaspoonsful of paprika, the strained juice of half a lemon and four tablespoonsfuls of mayonnaise dressing. Mix well and spread lightly on thin buttered toast.

Egg and Sardine Sandwiches.—Work the yolks of six hard-cooked eggs into a paste with three tablespoonsfuls of mayonnaise, add five sardines from which the skin and bones have been removed, and when a smooth paste is formed, spread on buttered toast, sprinkle with the finely minced egg whites and garnish with minced parsley.

Water Cress Sandwiches.—Take well-washed and dried water cress and mix after chopping with butter, cream it well and spread on thin slices of bread. Use four bunches of chopped cress and four tablespoonsfuls of butter.

If we are looking for a controlling purpose in life, what can be more comprehensive than this—nobility of character?

THE GREAT AMERICAN DESSERT.

With all the puddings and ices which we have to tempt the appetite, nothing seems to take the place of the popular pie.

Apple Pie With Cream Cheese.—Line a deep pie plate with pastry, and fill with tart cooked apple sauce. Bake with a crust and when cold cover with whipped cream.

Orange Mint Julep.—Chop fine and rub to a paste, four sprigs of mint, add a tablespoonsful of powdered sugar and mix this with the grated rind and juice of an orange. Add ice and carbonated water to make a tumblerful.

To save food the housewife must learn to plan economical and properly balanced meals which will satisfy each member of the family properly, do not encourage over-eating of off excessives and wasteful variety.—United States Department of Agriculture.

CANNING AND PICKLING.

A good way to make chili sauce is to can the tomatoes when they are in their prime and set away to be made into chili sauce when there are not so many pressing demands.

Chili Sauce.—Take three quarts of canned tomatoes, add six chopped green peppers, four white onions also chopped, one cupful of sugar, half a cupful of salt, two cupfuls of vinegar and the following ground spices: One tablespoonful of cinnamon, one-eighth of a teaspoonful of cayenne pepper, half a teaspoonful of cloves and allspice mixed.

This mixture is boiled for three hours and then bottled for winter use. This makes a thick sauce. By adding six cupfuls of vinegar instead of two a good catsup may be made.

Bordeaux Sauce.—Two gallons of cabbage, one gallon of green tomatoes, one dozen white onions, six red sweet peppers, all chopped fine; one ounce of whole allspice, one ounce of whole cloves, one-quarter of a pound of white mustard seed, one ounce of celery seed, one and three-quarters pounds of sugar, one gallon of vinegar and a half cupful of salt. Drain the tomatoes, cabbage and tomatoes are measured after chopping. Remove the seeds from the peppers. Cloves, bay leaf, vinegar and cloves with celery seed, letting them stand in the mixture for a day or two. The same vinegar may be used several times.

Orange Pie.—Beat the yolks of three eggs with a fourth of a cupful of sugar, add the juice and grated rind of an orange and the juice and grated rind of half a lemon with a small piece of butter. Mix thoroughly and bake in a single crust. When done cover with a meringue made from the whites of the eggs and three tablespoonsfuls of sugar and a tablespoonful of orange juice.

Yorkshire Pie.—Line a pie pan with pastry and fill with preserves of any kind, cover with shredded almonds and baked. When cold cover with sweetened and flavored whipped cream.

Pineapple Pie With Whipped Cream.—Bake a pastry shell and cool. Scald a cupful of milk, add a tablespoonsful of corn starch and cool until smooth; add the yolk of an egg beaten with half-cupful of sugar, a dash of salt, and a cupful of chopped cooked prunes. Cook until smooth, then fill the shell. Serve cold with whipped cream piled over the top.

Pastry should be handled lightly, cut into the flour with knives and chilled when possible, before rolling out.

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Remember when heartsick and weary:
The sunshine comes after the rain;
Tomorrow is to be bright;
Tomorrow we take hope again.

SEASONABLE DISHES.

Pickled onions are wholesome and make a good addition to the relishes for the winter.

Pickled Onions.—Remove the outside skin but be careful not to break them. Soak twenty-four hours in strong salt water, wipe and put them in glass jars with pieces of sweet red peppers. Allow enough vinegar to fill the jars and to each quart add a teaspoonful of mixed spices. Scald the vinegar with the spices and cool it, then fill the jars. The second and third day, repeat, cooling it each time before pouring over the onions, the third day seal airtight.

Bottled Cider.—Fresh sweet cider, cooked down to half its quantity and bottled for winter use, may be used in the winter or at any season with carbonated water to make a most refreshing drink. The cider may be used for mince meat, pudding sauces and for various dishes.

Mint Punch.—Wash and brush a quart of mint leaves. Cover with boiling water and steep for ten minutes. Strain and chill, add one cupful of grape juice, one cupful of either strawberry or raspberry juice, fresh or canned. Sweeten to taste, using sirup instead of sugar, making a more bland and pleasant flavor than when raw sugar is used. Any fruit juice may be used that is at hand.

Cucumber Pickles.—Select the small cucumbers and, each hundred allow once ounce of whole cloves, one ounce of white mustard seed, one large tablespoonful of salt, one cupful of sugar and two small red peppers. Put the spices in thin muslin bags, and put them with the washed cucumbers into a kettle with vinegar to cover. Heat slowly to the boiling point, take from the fire and put into cans. After a week, if they seem to soften, drain off the vinegar and add a half cupful of water and the same amount of sugar to two hundred pickles (using the very small ones), pour this boiling hot over the pickles and seal.

Orange Mint Julep.—Chop fine and rub to a paste, four sprigs of mint, add a tablespoonsful of powdered sugar and mix this with the grated rind and juice of an orange. Add ice and carbonated water to make a tumblerful.

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BEAN CROP NOT AS BIG AS PREDICTED

Blight and Mosaic Take Heavy Toll in Many Michigan Fields.

BAD SEED ROOT OF EVIL

Selection of Seed Beans in Field Necessary This Fall to Protect Next Year's Crop.

By J. H. MUNCIE,
Bean Specialist, Michigan Agricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—Press reports within the past few weeks have been widely circulated through the state have given a somewhat highly colored picture of the bean situation in Michigan this season. It is true that in some districts there is promise of fine crops, but in most sections much damage from blight is reported by farmers themselves and by county agents. Personal field trips have convinced me that in the main these latter reports are the most reliable. The yield is likely to be less than what was first expected, notwithstanding the increase in acreage.

Several factors are responsible for this decrease. A late spring, cold and wet, hindered the fitting of the ground, while a bad early summer prevented the planting of the crop and caused much of the seed to rot in the ground.

Many of the beans used for seed this year were immature, frost-bitten and blighted. Under normal conditions such seed would have produced plants, but this year the frost-bitten, immature beans failed to grow. The bean maggot also did considerable damage in many parts of the state. Further, many beans were planted late and unless the frosts held off until later than usual, no crop can be expected from them.

Outside of the damage by frost, however, the gravest danger to the bean crop lies in its diseases. Bean blight, known to every grower in the state, is worse than usual, a condition traceable

to a young plant is attacked by this disease, it rarely produces pods. The leaves are crinkled and very much smaller than normal and the whole plant is stunted. The mosaic disease of beans is very similar to that of cucumbers of the same name.

Bean mosaic was first noticed last year in a few fields. Until within the last few weeks, however, it has been comparatively rare. Now it is fairly widespread. Fields showing as many as 35 per cent of the plants so affected are not uncommon. It is believed that the mosaic disease lives over from one year to the next in the bean seed. It is thought to be caused by a species of bacteria too small to be seen even with a microscope.

There is not the slightest doubt that the blight and the mosaic disease are becoming more serious. To safeguard our crop, therefore, we should strike at the root of the trouble—the bean seed. Selection from clean pods taken from healthy, vigorous, well-podded plants will do much to cut down losses. If Michigan is to produce the beans expected of her, it behoves growers to look well to the securing of clean seed for next year's planting. Farmers cannot do any better work than to select their seed from the plants in the field.

CORN CROP IS BACKWARD

Should Be Allowed to Remain in Field as Long as Possible.

By J. F. COX,
Department of Farm Crops Michigan Agricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—Owing to the tardiness of the season, and the lateness of the spring planting in much of the state, the corn crop this fall is ripening but slowly. It should be allowed, however, to remain in the fields as long as possible, for the nearer it attains to maturity, the greater the amount of food the crop will produce. But if it is frost-bitten, it should be harvested at once and placed in the silo immediately, for frost-bitten corn dries rapidly.

The best time to cut corn for the silo is when the plant is almost matured and the ear well-developed. At this stage the lower leaves are turning brown and the kernels are glazed and dentured, but the entire plant still contains considerable water. At this period the corn plant contains the largest amount of food material in the most readily digested form. If allowed to get ripe, the proportion of dry matter will increase, but the silage will not be as palatable and digestible, and it may be necessary to add water when filling the silo.

If corn is cut for the silo when too green, a large amount of water must be handled and a correspondingly less amount of dry matter is secured. Frost-bitten corn should be put in the silo as quickly as possible, since it dries out rapidly.

GET BEAN MAGGOT NOW

Fall Plowing of Land for Next Year's Crop Will Help Control Pest.

East Lansing, Mich.—Fall plowing of land intended for beans in 1918 is recommended by the Michigan Agricultural College as a measure which will help to control the bean maggot.

"The bean maggot," says a press bulletin issued by the college, "caused great injury to the Michigan crop last spring, particularly where beans were planted on spring-plowed clover sod. Injury on fall-plowed clover or alfalfa land was rare, however, and in most cases could be traced to the presence of thistles."

"The bean maggot comes through the winter and begins work early in the spring on the roots of thistles and clover, and in organic matter. If land is fall-plowed, the bean maggot is very largely killed out. Fall-pl

A GUARANTEED REMEDY FOR

ASTHMA
Your doctor will be convinced by your druggist
without any question in his mind that this remedy does not benefit
anyone but those who have it. It is a guaranteed remedy. No matter how
violent the attacks or obstinate the case.

DR. R. SCHIFFMANN'S
ASTHMADOR

In either form (Cigarette, Pipe Mixture or Powder) positively gives INSTANT RELIEF in every case and has permanently relieved thousands who had been unable to find relief by other means. It is the only means of relief in value. Surfers are afforded an excellent guarantee of safety by taking this product. It's a "no risk" guarantee as far as through purchasing from their own regular druggist, they are sure their money is well spent. You will be the sole judge as to whether you are satisfied with the results. If you are not, we will refund your money. We do not know of any safer proposition than which we could make.

R. Schiffmann Co., Proprietors, St. Paul, Minn.

Keeping Good Work Going.

A young man was being examined by a Delaware county exemption board as to his qualifications to serve as a soldier, says the Indianapolis News.

"Any dependents?" he was asked.

"Yes, lots of 'em," was his answer.

"Name them—tell who they are," a board member suggested.

"Lawse, man, I can't name them all," said the one examined. "They're all my wife's relatives. They've been dependents on me ever since I was married."

"Unless you are more specific than that we cannot see any ground for exemption," he was advised by the board.

"Who said I wanted to be exempted? I want them still to be dependents, but I want them to be dependent upon themselves."

After a little further investigation of the case, he was accepted.

Bees in a Church Bell.

A swarm of busy bees has taken possession of the belfry of the Christian church, Halsey, Ore., and has stored honey in such quantity that the floor upon the bell making it impossible to ring it for church services.

One Way to Be Useful.

Sapheen—How can I best serve my fellow countrymen?

Miss Sweet—Why not become a waitress?—Town Topics.

LA PHYSICAL WRECK

Laid Up In Bed, Barely Holding
Onto Life. Doan's Effected
Marvelous Recovery.

"Without warning I was dragged to the brink of the grave by malignant kidney trouble," says Robert Wentz, 114 Cypress Ave., Bronx, N. Y. "My kidneys seemed to stop acting and the pains in my back were terrible. Big, bloated puffs of fluid under the skin caused attacks of dizziness often and blisters on my limbs swelled twice normal size and I could press big dents into the flesh."

He was confined to bed and convalesced several times a day. Despite the best of treatment, I grew worse and was taken to the hospital. I didn't improve, however, and was brought home again, barely holding on."

"Toward the last of 1913, a friend persuaded me to try Dr. Doan's Kidney Pills and I cannot put into words what they did for me. The first box helped more than all the other medicines and treatments I had taken. Within a few days I was a picture of health, a marvel of a physical wreck of a man I have taken on good solid flesh until I now weigh 225 pounds and am in the best of health. Doan's alone deserve the credit."

Sworn to before me:

JAMES T. COUGHLIN, Com. of Deeds
Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 38-1917.

**CHIEF ENGINEER IS
ON THE JOB HE SAYS**

Had Reached the Place Where
He Feared He'd Have to
Quit Work.

GAINED FORTY POUNDS

"It's Been Twenty-Five Years Since
I've Felt As Well As I Do, Since
Taking Tanlac," He Says.

"It's been twenty-five years since I felt as well and strong as I do now after taking this Tanlac," said O. H. Mahaffey, chief engineer of the Life & Casualty Building, Nashville, Tenn., in an interesting interview a short time ago.

"After I had suffered for two whole years with a serious stomach trouble and was told that only an operation would relieve me," he continued, "I grew so despondent over my hopeless suffering that I was just about to give up my job. I had gotten to the place where I couldn't eat a thing but oatmeal and sweet milk and even then the pains in my stomach and through the small of my back kept me in misery nearly all the time. I couldn't sleep at night and grew weaker and weaker until I didn't think I'd ever get any better."

"There is no wonder that I praise Tanlac now and am telling all my friends about it. After taking it a day or two I found that I could eat most anything I ever could, and from that time on I have improved. These pains in my back and stomach left me shortly and I began to pick up. I have actually gained forty pounds in weight since I started taking Tanlac and I feel better than I have in twenty-five years. I can sleep all night like a healthy child and get up in the morning full of life and energy. I am glad to tell anybody who wants to know just what Tanlac did for me."

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.—Adv.

New to Her.
"Miss Willing," began the young man, as he wiped the cold perspiration from his brow, "are you fond of stories?"

"If they are new, Mr. Woody," replied the fair maid, "I simply don't care for them."

"But the one I was going to tell you, Miss Willing, is not new," said the young man. "It is, I might say, Miss Willing—or, Clara—the old, old story, but—"

"Oh, never mind, George," she interrupted. "Even if it is a chestnut, I'm sure I never heard it. Go on, please!"

CLEAR YOUR COMPLEXION

While You Sleep With Cuticura Soap
and Ointment—Trial Free.

On retiring, gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment, wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water, and continue bathing a few minutes with the Soap. The influence of this treatment on the pores extends through the night.

Free sample each by mail with Book.

Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L,

Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Saved Himself.

She So You Said I had curly hair. I'd have you know it's golden.

"That's what I meant, 18 karat."

**\$700 GIVEN GUARD
BY RASMUS HANSON**

DONOR OF STATE CAMP SITE
MAKES HANDSOME GIFT TO
REGIMENTAL FUNDS.

CAMP CUSTER NEWS AND GOSSIP

Cantonment Will Be Formally Opened
Oct. 23. Looks Like First Draft
Will Stay All Winter.

Lansing.

To indicate further his affection for the officers and men in the Michigan National Guard, Rasmus Hanson, Grayling's first citizen, last week surprised the various units still in camp at Grayling by sending a messenger from the Salling-Hanson company, of which he is the head, with checks totaling \$700.

The Thirty-first and Thirty-second regiments of Mr. Hanson gave \$250 each; to the Field artillery, a smaller unit, \$100, and to Field Hospital No. 1 and Ambulance Company No. 2, \$50 each.

Other units that have left Grayling will not be forgotten by Mr. Hanson. The money for the Thirty-first and Thirty-second has gone into the regimental funds. In case of the Detroit unit, it is the first contribution.

Mr. Hanson first endeared himself to the guard by donating to the state the reservation which is now being used as a mobilization camp. Later, as soon as he realized that the officers needed a club house, he ordered one built. And on top of this comes his gift of \$700, which will be increased when he has taken care of all the units in the guard.

Out of their first army salaries of \$30 a month enlisted men from Jackson, in Companies L and M of the Thirty-first Infantry regiment, set aside nearly \$1,000 for the purchase of the second issue of Liberty bonds.

Camp Formally Opened Oct. 23.

Camp Custer will be thrown open formally to the relatives of the national army men at the cantonment and to the officials of Michigan and Wisconsin.

The Battle Creek Chamber of Commerce, working in conjunction with Major-General J. T. Dickman, commandant of the camp, will prepare to entertain relatives of the men at camp, Governor Sleeper and his staff, the Michigan delegation in congress and the governor of Wisconsin and his staff and the Wisconsin congressmen have been invited.

Winter at Camp Is Prospect.

When the whole situation is analyzed one is sure to come to the conclusion that the boys now at Camp Custer will not be sent abroad as early as first reports indicated.

For example: You ask a braggadore how soon he could take his brigade to France. Being a soldier, he limits his answer to the question you ask. He says he could move his brigade to France as soon as it is organized, which would be about four months.

If you jump to the conclusion that he has announced that he would have his troops ready to enter the trenches in four months, you have jumped wrong. He has only said that he would have his organization complete and ready to move as an organization in four months.

If it were desirable to send his brigade abroad for training in France it could be done. But you have to emphasize the "could" in that sentence. It "could" be done, just as Camp Custer "could" be torn down again and piled up as lumber. But what would be the use? Why take an American army across the sea merely to train and impose that vast and needless burden on the allies' overseas' food supply.

They can't go until they learn to shoot and no one knows how long it will take to teach them. A company of men could be trained to the rifle in two or three weeks. But when you have 40,000 to train it is another matter. You don't have 1,000 ranges and you can't have 10,000 targets. The men might learn fast enough, but the work of teaching them all and giving each man the individual instruction he needs may be somewhat slow.

Spring Wheat Best Crop.

Reports to the food preparedness committee indicate that in the upper peninsula, spring wheat will be used instead of winter wheat.

In Ontonagon and other counties spring wheat has turned out better than winter wheat, that farmers are preparing to abandon fall planting.

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Coldwater Man On Education Board.

Governor Sleeper has appointed Thomas E. Johnson, of Coldwater, member of the state board of education to succeed Dr. T. W. Nadai, of Olney, resigned.

Battle Creek Visited By Army.

Battle Creek received her first experience of an army at ease when all of the 1,800 selected men in the camp, clad in new uniforms, got their first opportunity to "go to town." Many of them descended en masse on the streets, restaurants and theaters, crowding many places to the point where civilians were a negligible quantity. On the whole, it was an orderly crowd of young soldiers wandering aimlessly up and down the main street.

Military Training at M. A. C.

The thousand or so young men who will become students at the Michigan Agricultural college when it opens for the fall term, October 10, will be given a thorough course in military training. It was feared when war was declared that the government's call would leave the college regiment without leaders, but arrangements have since been made which assure the maintenance of the department of military science and tactics under the direction of two regular army officers.

Top sergeants and regular army corporals have been sprinkled through the barracks, to live with the new national army men, as well as assisting the commissioned officers' drillmasters. They pass out not only the regular army tactics, but the traditions of the service, in a way no commissioned officer could do.

The contour of the camp changes daily because of the rapid construction of buildings. An entire barracks is sometimes completed in three days. There will be approximately 1,100 structures.

St. Clair—Gift baskets have been placed in stores here to gather Christmas articles for soldiers. Articles to be sent to France will be collected October 1.

Lansing—Of 2,600 nurses registered

in Michigan, only 400 are members of the Michigan State Nurses' association. Members plan a campaign to show that credentialed nurses who fail to ally themselves with other members of their profession, cannot do their best work. A nurse in this state must belong to the association to enlist in Red Cross service.

Soldiers to Come Home Healthy.

America will attempt to bring back her soldiers as healthy and wholesome as when they left their homes.

Frederick H. Holt of Detroit told the Camp Custer boys this at the first general meeting held at the camp under auspices of the war recreation commission.

Mr. Holt spoke from a wide experience and a familiarity with the subject gained by first hand associations with conditions in Europe.

Mr. Holt told briefly of the dangers of soldier life, declaring that one-third of the losses of the countries now at war were caused by social diseases contracted by the soldiers while in training camps. And he told of the effort this country is making now to avoid this evil.

"Wherever you go, don't forget that besides being soldiers you are also citizens in the great republic and so conduct yourself that you will come back to your mothers and sisters with as fine a manhood as when you entered the army."

Pontiac—Wills C. Ward, land owner of Orchard Lake, has agreed to provide about \$5,000 toward building a concrete road to the shore of Orchard lake if the route can be changed to occupy high land giving a view of both Cass and Orchard lakes.

Detroit—While playing with matches in front of her home, Ellinor Steva, four years old, sustained burns which later resulted in her death at the Children's Free hospital a few hours later. The child applied a match to a newspaper and the flames spread to her clothing.

Pontiac—Independence, Springfield, Groveland and Holly township farmers and residents of the village of Clarkston are more than enthusiastic over getting a portion of the Dixie trail laid with the assistance of the federal government through the northwestern part of the county on the Pontiac-Flint Indian trail.

Detroit—Elvine Ashley, two years old, died in the Receiving hospital as the result of burns she suffered when the Ashley home caught fire. Mrs. Goo. Ashley and the little girl were taking an afternoon nap when the chimney fell, setting fire to the house. Mrs. Ashley did not wake until the flames began lapping the bed. She picked up the baby, whose clothes were burning, and rushed from the room. A policeman caught her and extinguished the fire in the baby's clothing.

Saginaw—W. J. Orr, president of the Michigan Bean Jobbers' association and chairman of the National Bean Supply committee, announced at a meeting of the Thumb Bean association he had filed a protest against the government price of \$7.35 a bushel for Michigan beans. He had previously recommended \$7.80. He declared the prices for beans for the army and navy, would ultimately become the prices for the civilian population and allies. At the planting season Mr. Orr guaranteed farmers \$5 a bushel.

Flint—George H. Maines, of this city, will pay \$100 to the first American enlisted man capturing a German soldier. The money has been sent to John K. Sague, appraiser of the port of New York. This offer was made after the rumor of the kaiser's decree became public offering 300 marks and three months' leave to the first German capturing an American. Maines is the local socialist writer whose book on the war declaring Germany would win led to an investigation. When America declared war he made public protestations of his patriotism.

Pontiac—Charles E. Coe, former treasurer of Commerce township, was brought to the county jail on a warrant charging embezzlement of \$1,692.55 from April 1915, to May 1917. Coe was elected township clerk last spring, but resigned shortly after. The alleged deficit was discovered by the new treasurer, Elmer Clark, and an audit was ordered by the supervisor and the Maryland Fidelity company, Coe's bondsmen. It is alleged that Coe, who is a prosperous farmer, appropriated money paid in taxes and then forced the books to balance so they appeared correct when turned over to the new treasurer.

Ann Arbor—Leslie F. March, of Brooks, Me., is here to supervise instruction in army stores and ordnance and quartermasters' supplies at the university.

Ann Arbor—Miss Amanda Grau, who has been at the point of death since she was injured in the cyclone of June 6, will recover. Surgeons have grafted 38 pieces of skin on her leg.

Rochester—The Rev. Carl Lemster, former Lutheran minister here, definitely is dead. He had been reported killed at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., but insists he still is rector of a church in Hamilton, W. Va.

Pontiac—Chin Poy won't have to go to war, Chin is a Chinese restaurant man and registered June 5. Later he claimed he was 32 years old, but the local board would not release him. He had been certified to entrain September 21, when the district board ordered his release.

Charlotte—Sweet potato flour is among the war possibilities. G. E. Field, of White House, Fla., who is visiting his old home here, has a sample of flour made from sweet potatoes. The flour looks like wheat flour except for a grayish color. A very palatable bread has been made from it.

Chicago—The Rev. Carl Lemster, former Lutheran minister here, definitely is dead. He had been reported killed at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., but insists he still is rector of a church in Hamilton, W. Va.

Pontiac—The man who lost the freak election was fully conscious of his facial deficiencies.

"There's only one thing I ask," said he to the winner.

"What's that?" inquired the winner.

O. F. Barnes on the County Road System.

(Continued from first page.)
and will bring the general farmer, the stock farmer and those who seek sport and recreation into the now undeveloped portions of our county.

The second proposition I would present is that we must give proper consideration to every interest that has been developed or is being developed in our county.

We have in the aggregate a large acreage of land well suited for general farming. Some of it is being developed but a far greater amount is unoccupied. Likewise these lands are not in a compact body but scattered in larger or smaller parcels throughout the sixteen townships of the county. It is highly desirable from every standpoint and especially in view of the food emergency that has arisen, throughout the world that these lands be made available for settlement and their food production possibilities fully developed, and this can only be accomplished in the immediate future, by first providing transportation facilities for these lands in whatever part of the country located.

In every surveyed township there are also tracts of land of greater or less extent that are not recommended for general farming but which because of abundant pasture, and ample supply of the best water in the world, combined with shade and bracing air are highly desirable for stock farming. In view of the call that has gone forth that we must produce more livestock, more milk, butter and wool the development of these lands for stock farming purposes is equal important as is the development of the land suited for general farming.

In the past few years still another interest has developed in our county and one that because of its high place in the scheme of general public welfare is entitled to equal consideration with other interests and that is property devoted to health, sport and recreation purposes.

The desire for outdoor sport and recreation is inherent in the average American and the gratification of that desire is a part of his plan of life. With the increase of wealth and population throughout the land the number who can gratify this desire is steadily increasing until it is an army in number. To this army of sportsmen must be added another army who seek outdoor life and recreation for purposes of health. Crawford county in the past has been a favorite resort for many of those who in the pursuit of health and recreation have annually left with our people thousands of dollars and the property made use of for their purposes figure on our tax roll for fully a quarter of a million dollars. This interest also is entitled to consideration in our plan for good roads. They are entitled to it for what they

are actually contributing in dollars and cents. They should be granted it from motives of self-interest if for no other.

Crawford county has more than one hundred miles of trout streams and numerous inland lakes. She has tens of thousands of acres of land still green with growing timber and sufficiently diversified as to its surface to attract by its beauty, as well as the benefits derived from pure air and climate, and with game still sufficiently abundant to attract the sportsman. A system of roads that will afford quick, convenient and easy access to these lands and these streams will in a few years increase five-fold the number of those resorting here for sport, health and recreation and increase the taxable property of this class on the tax roll to fully a million dollars. And all this without interfering with the enjoyments of any citizen of the county and with little increase in our total mileage of good roads, as the system that would serve these properties would in most cases also serve properties being developed for stock raising and even general farming.

In this connection I cannot but express the hope that in laying out the county's highway system the commission will not feel obliged to follow in all cases section lines through monotonous, desolate stretches where departure from the same would give beautiful stretches along streams and views of hills and woods, combining scenic effect with practical use. This may seem sentimental and would be impossible in a developed country but in those parts of our county where settlements have not been made nor roads laid out, advantage can be taken of present conditions that natural beauties present, inasmuch as highways of this character through sections frequented by those seeking health and recreation would be of benefit to hundreds outside of Crawford county, and we can well appeal to the state highway department for additional aid in their construction.

The third proposition that I believe should be adopted is that the entire system of county highways as planned shall be completed at the earliest possible date in order that the full benefit may be had while practically all of us here now shall be able to enjoy them. This necessarily means bonding the county for a sum sufficient, with rewards that shall be earned, to pay for the system leaving only the interest and sinking fund to be raised by taxation. To plan a comprehensive system of highways that shall eventually serve every part of our county and then to construct annually only so much, as an annual tax levy would enable us to do, would postpone the completion of the work so long that many, yes very many, of those whose taxes would go towards building the system would never live to enjoy the highway beneficial to their particular property. The highest tax rate that

we could by law levy for the purpose would not complete such a system in ten years. It would also postpone to the end of that period the development and settlement of those parts of the county that are today unsettled, for naturally with such a limited annual program of construction the work for years would be confined to the sections of the county now most developed. Such a system would also greatly increase the expense of construction and prevent the purchase of proper labor-saving machinery and the employment of competent men, as the work that could be done each year would be too small in amount to warrant the purchase of suitable labor-saving machinery and the employment of the capable engineering assistance. Such delay also would result in the construction of isolated stretches of road in the various townships with no single road complete for years, inasmuch as with the prospect of such small annual construction before them the several townships would not submit to having the entire expenditure laid out in one community but would insist that it be divided up among them all each year.

Bonding the county on the other hand, for a sufficient sum to complete the system in three or four years at the longest would give every part of the county good roads in the near future. It would develop and settle up lands suitable for general farming and stock farming. It would, by reason of the development that would immediately follow largely increase the assessed valuation of the county and thus decrease for each one his portion of the tax necessary for interest and sinking fund purposes. Bonding for public improvements that will be enjoyed by the future, as well as the present generation, is everywhere recognized as economically correct as future citizens and tax payers of Crawford county will enjoy good roads to be constructed at this time and also should contribute part of their cost.

I think the taxpayers of Crawford county will, by a large majority endorse the proposition of bonding to complete our road system at once, rather than stretch it over a period of years when they thoroughly understand how it can be done with practically no increase in the annual tax levy, and certainly with the annual taxes much less than would be necessary to build the system from taxation only. To bond for one hundred thousand dollars (I use this sum for illustration only, not as an amount I would advise, having made no computation as to the cost of the road system) and paying same in installments stretched over twenty years would call for \$5,000 annually for interest purposes and \$5,000 for sinking fund purposes, total of \$10,000. The interest charge would decrease annually thru the operation of the sinking fund and in ten years would be cut in two. The assessed valuation would increase

primarily for victory, a picked quintet of basket ball players, members of the 31st Michigan infantry, invaded Grayling Friday night of last week and bumped up against a stone wall. Stars, every one of them, and unaccustomed to defeat, thus the necessity of having to bow down to their opponents was anything but pleasant.

The players on the Infantry team were Privates Russell Brown of Detroit Northwestern; Fred Roth, Detroit Western; Sergt. Walter Clago, Cass, Detroit; Clifford Johnson of Detroit Central; Sergt. Norris of the Ohio All-State champions and Scotty Desert of the Rays. These men are all star players, and Brown was a member of the Michigan All-State champions of last season.

The visitors had it all framed up just how they were going to put it over on Grayling. They didn't intend to let Karpus get his hands on the ball; and one of their admirers offered to wager, according to reports, that Karpus wouldn't make a score.

The Infantry was first to score but Grayling followed soon after with two field baskets.

In the second quarter Grayling scored 2 field throws, giving them a 7 point lead, but the visitors run up 2 baskets for 4 points before the whistle blew, giving them 8 points to Grayling's 11.

In the third quarter Grayling threw five field baskets for 10 points, and their adversaries one for two points.

In the last quarter the Infantry allowed Grayling to score but one field throw, for two points, while they made three throws for six points.

The game closed with Grayling in the lead by seven points, the score being 23 to 16.

The game was fast and rough. The visiting team was considerably heavier than our boys but the brilliant playing of Grayling proved effective and finally won for them the game. The Infantry team was probably the fastest team that our boys ever had to contend against on their home floor. Their team work was nearly perfect and showed marked ability on the part of each player.

As a preliminary, the High school second team defeated the 31st Infantry second team by a score of 9 to 8.

There was a large crowd present to see the games. The receipts amounted to \$59.00, about \$16.00 of which went for necessary expenses, leaving nearly \$44.00 in the treasury of the High school athletic association. The evening was completed with a pleasant dancing party.

Experience the Best Teacher.

It is generally admitted that experience is the best teacher, but should we not make use of the experience of others as well as our own? The experience of a thousand persons is more to be depended upon than that of one individual. Many thousands of persons have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs and colds with the best results, which shows it to be a thoroughly reliable preparation for those diseases. Try it. It is a prompt and effective and pleasant to take. adv

Stomach and Liver Troubles.

No end of misery and actual suffering is caused by disorders of the stomach and liver, and may be avoided by the use of Chamberlain's Tablets. Give them a trial. They only cost a quarter.

CRAWFORD AVALANCHE

Chesterfield CIGARETTES

of IMPORTED and DOMESTIC tobaccos—Blended



A new combination—Mild, yet they "Satisfy"!

Yes, this new cigarette is more than just good tasting, it delivers a new and important thing to smokers—

Chesterfields "reach home," they let you know you are smoking—they "Satisfy"!

Yet, they're Mild!

Don't be surprised—the new blend of Imported and Domestic tobaccos does it. And the blend can't be copied.

Let Chesterfields give you new cigarette enjoyment.

Cigarette Makers Co.



Wrapped in
glassine paper
keeps them
fresh.

20 for
10¢

Manistee & N. E. R. R. HUMPHREYS

Time Card
In effect May 6th, 1916.

Read Down.	Read Up.
A. M. P. M.	P. M. P. M.
7.00 " 23.50 " Grayling ar	7.00 " 21.50 "
7.24 " " Resort lv	7.40 " "
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9.24 3.30 " Rowley	12.46 11.55 "
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5.46 " " Norwalk	9.39 " "
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8.30 3.47 " Coopers

8.35 4.15 " Steuben Cy

9.23 4.53 " Platte Rvr

9.31 5.01 " Lake Ann

9.55 5.05 " Solon

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